



Births & Deaths
REGISTRY, GHANA

2022

**STATISTICAL
REPORT**



**BIRTH
REGISTRATION**



BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRY, GHANA

2022 STATISTICAL REPORT BIRTH REGISTRATION

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List of Abbreviations and Acronyms

BDR	Births and Deaths Registry
CAP	Computer-Assisted Personal Interviews
CHPS	Community Health-based Planning Services
CRVS	Civil Registration and Vital Statistics
GES	Ghana Education Service
GHS	Ghana Health Service
GSS	Ghana Statistical Service
HISWAP	Harmonising and Improving Statistics in West Africa Project
MP	Member of Parliament
MoE	Ministry of Education
PHC	Population and Housing Census
SDG	Sustainable Development Goals
TBA	Traditional Birth Attendant
UN	United Nations
UNICEF	United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund
UNECA	United Nations Economic Commission for Africa

Acknowledgements

The 2022 Statistical Report on birth registration stands as a testament to the power of collaboration and dedication in advancing the field of vital statistics.

Management and staff of the Births and Deaths Registry (BDR) express their profound gratitude to the following organizations and individuals whose support has been instrumental in the successful compilation and publication of this report. We extend our sincere appreciation to the Ghana Statistical Service (GSS) for its unwavering support and collaboration throughout the entire process. The expertise and resources provided by GSS, and the World Bank through the Harmonizing and Improving Statistics in West Africa Project (HISWAP) significantly contributed to the accuracy and reliability of our statistical data.

We acknowledge the Ministry of Local Government, Decentralisation and Rural Development for its continuous support and guidance. The collaboration with the Ministry has been pivotal in ensuring the relevance and applicability of our statistical findings at the local level.

A special note of appreciation goes to Constance Clara Anani for her exemplary dedication and leadership as the Head of the Statistics, Research, Monitoring, and Evaluation Unit. Her commitment to excellence has been a driving force behind the successful completion of this report.

We appreciate the active involvement and contributions of all our key stakeholders especially, Ghana Health Service, UNICEF, UNECA and the Embassy of Denmark, Ghana. Your insights and feedback have enriched the quality of our statistical report.

HENRIETTA LAMPTEY

Ag. REGISTRAR OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS

Preface

The Ministry of Local Government Decentralisation and Rural Development is delighted to present the inaugural statistical report by the Births and Deaths Registry, offering a comprehensive overview of demographic figures recorded in Ghana throughout 2022. This report signifies a pivotal step in advancing our commitment to transparency, accuracy, and the effective provision and planning of the country's resources for the benefit of our citizens.

Data on births is key to population planning as it contributes to reliable administrative, and statistical systems. Statistics on births are used to create evidence-based solutions, development policies and programmes. The Births and Deaths Registry's commitment to data completeness aligns seamlessly with the government's overarching digitalization agenda.

Without such data on birth events, national and sub-national planning for social services (education, health etc) become difficult as the lack of quality information for decision-making will hinder effective planning and forecasting. This situation will in turn affect provision of services including immunisation and post-care services for babies and children. At the national level, state institutions such as the National Identification Authority (NIA), National Health Insurance Authority (NHIA), the Ministry of Education (MoE), Ghana Education Service (GES), and the Metropolitan/Municipal/District Assemblies (MMDAs) depend on statistics on births in their annual planning processes.

Several international development initiatives have been rolled out to ensure no one is left out in the provision of public services for the wellbeing of the people. For instance, Agenda 2030 for Sustainable Development and Agenda 2063, The Africa We Want and Transforming Our World. Specifically, data on birth registration is central to SDG target 16.9, which promotes legal identity for all by 2030, including free birth registration.

Legal identification facilitates access to social protection systems and services for all, leaving no one behind. About a third of the SDG indicators require data from a birth registration system. The Births and Deaths Registry in accordance with the Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 2020 (Act 1027) is mandated to register all births that occur within the boundaries of Ghana.

The 2022 Births Registration Statistics provide information on all births registered within 12 months after delivery during the 2022 registration year. It also includes characteristics of births registered and the regional distributions.

I commend the Births and Deaths Registry for its commitment to excellence in civil registration. This report is not just a reflection of past events; it is a beacon guiding us toward a future characterized by data-driven governance and digital transformation. As we navigate the path ahead, let us continue to prioritize the completeness and accuracy of our data, ensuring a firm basis for policy formulation, decision making, and sustainable development.

Daniel Kwaku Botwe (MP)

Hon. Minister for Local Government Decentralisation and Rural Development

Executive Summary

The 2022 Birth Registration Statistical Report covers all births (0-12 months) registered from the 1st of January 2022 to 31st of December 2022. It involves the collection, compilation, and dissemination of demographic and social statistics relating to registered birth events.

Ghana's birth registration system made substantial strides in 2022, with a total of 677,140 births officially registered and documented. This impressive number represents a remarkable 92.7 percent coverage for the period under discussion, showcasing the nation's dedication to ensuring that every birth is officially registered and accounted for. A normal sex distribution was also observed, as 50.8 percent of the registered births were males, indicating a sex ratio of 103 male per 100 female births. The registered births for 2022 represent a significant 85.4 percent of all births recorded by the Ghana Health Service (GHS) during the same period, highlighting the close cooperation between health services and the births and deaths registries.

The Ashanti, Greater Accra, and Northern regions have the highest share of registered births with the Ashanti region contributing 20.4 percent.

A notable percentage (91.7%) of registered births were delivered by trained professionals; Upper East (98.9%), Bono (98.6%), and Greater Accra (97.8%) reported high incidence of births delivered by trained professionals.

Of all registered births in 2022, 88 percent were births that occurred in health facilities. With regards to regional distribution, Savannah (29.3%) and Oti (28.7%) regions reported a higher incidence of out of facility births.

It was also observed that 87.6 percent of registered children have mothers aged 20 to 39 years. Babies with teenage mothers constituted seven percent of the total births registered.

The report covers key areas such as the total births registered, regional share of registration, attendant at birth, place of birth, day of birth, month of birth, and age of mother among other key variables. It is hoped that this report will be used in policy formulation and decision making.

Definition of Key Concepts

i. Birth Registration

Birth registration is the process of recording a child's birth. It is a permanent and official record of a child's existence and provides legal recognition of that child's identity (UNICEF, 2016).¹

ii. Exponential Estimation method

The exponential estimation assumes that the population will change by the same compounding rate as it was in the base period.

iii. Sex Ratio

Sex ratio is the number of males per females in a population. Calculated by dividing the total male population by the total female population and multiplied by 100.

iv. Census

Census is the total process of collecting, compiling, evaluating, analysing and publishing or otherwise disseminating demographic, economic and social data pertaining, at a specified time, to all persons in a country or in a well-delimited part of a country (UN, 2008)²

v. Demography

Demography is the scientific study of human populations, focusing on their size, composition, distribution, growth, density, and the various factors that influence these demographic characteristics.

vi. Place of Occurrence

For the purpose of this report, place of occurrence is classified as births which occur in health facilities and those which occurred outside the health facilities.

vii. Facility Births

Facility births refer to births that occurred in places licensed to render health services by the Health Facilities Regulatory Agency and are regulated by the Health Institutions and Facilities Act, 2011 (Act 829).

viii. Non-Facility births

Non-Facility births refer to births that occurred outside places that are under the supervision of the Health Facilities Regulatory Agency and are not regulated by the Health Institutions and Facilities Act, 2011 (Act 829).

¹ United Nations Children's Fund. Child protection from violence, exploitation and abuse. 2016.

² United Nations. (2008). Principles and recommendations for population and housing censuses, pp 7-22. <https://doi.org/10.18356/8b8ce311-en>

ix. Place of Birth

Place of birth refers to the place where birth event occurs. The exact location is usually captured on the antenatal card of the mother or the immunization card of the child. For the purpose of this report place of birth is captured as hospitals, clinics, maternity homes, house, or other places.

x. Hospital

Hospitals are licensed institutions with at least six beds whose primary function is to provide diagnostic and therapeutic patient services for medical conditions; they have an organized physician staff; and they provide continuous nursing services under the supervision of registered nurses (AHA, 2022)³.

xi. Clinic

Clinic is a health facility that is primarily focused on the care of outpatients. For the purpose of this report, health centres, CHPS Compounds, and poly-clinics are also classified as clinics.

xii. Maternity Home

Maternity home is a health facility operated and maintained in whole or in part for the purpose of caring for women during pregnancies and women and their infants' following pregnancies.

xiii. Attendant at birth

An attendant at birth is any person present and assisting in the delivery of a newborn.

xiv. Coverage

Coverage is birth registration performance measure that compares registered birth with projected birth for a particular registration period for a given registry.

xv. Health Professional

Health Professional is a person trained and certified to be present at childbirth, whether the delivery takes place in a health facility or at home, to recognize and respond appropriately to medical complications, and to implement interventions to prevent them in the first place.

xvi. Infant Population/Age 0 Population

The infant population refers to children who are less than one year old. These are newborns and infants who have not yet celebrated their first birthday.

³ American Health Association. (2022). Centres for Disease Control and Prevention, National Centre for Health Statistics. <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/sources-definitions/hospital.htm>

xvii. Timeliness of Registration

Timeliness of registration refers to the period between live birth event and registration.

xviii. Doubtful Paternity

Birth registration cases in which the identity of the father is not known hence, details of the father are not taken.

1.0 Introduction

Birth registration is the process of recording a child's birth. It is a permanent and official record of a child's existence and provides legal recognition of that child's identity.

This report serves as a comprehensive overview of registered births in Ghana for the 2022 registration year, shedding light on crucial aspects such as patterns, location of occurrence, maternal age, and socio-demographic features associated with these events. The significance of birth registration is underscored as a vital process creating a permanent and official record that bestows legal recognition upon a child's identity. As Ghana, like other developing nations, undergoes demographic changes, understanding the underlying demographic dynamics becomes imperative. The data presented in this report not only contributes to the description of population changing patterns but also provides invaluable insights for informed decision-making and strategic planning in response to the evolving demographic landscape. This information stands as a foundational resource for policymakers and stakeholders seeking to address the challenges and utilising the opportunities presented by the demographic shifts in the country.

The Registry made some remarkable improvement in the absolute number of births registered (677,140) which is 7.6 percent increment from 2021 (629,537).

The Registry's improved performance is not only in registration coverage, but there have been significant changes and realignment of several bureaucratic processes during the 2022 registration year. Mass registration programmes were intensified throughout the year.

Also, September 2022 was declared as Infant Registration Month. Accordingly, special arrangements were made for the Government and development partners to provide logistics and materials for an elaborate registration exercise across the country. Regional Statistical Officers were appointed to oversee statistical activities in every region, 65 new registries were created to enhance accessibility, and the re-basing of projected births on the 2021 PHC to reflect current demographic patterns (See Figure 1).

2.0 History and Legal Framework

Civil registration in Ghana is governed by laws which have undergone several transformations since the inception of civil registration in 1888. The law at the time was the known as Cemeteries Ordinance of 1888 and civil registration then was restricted to the registration of the death of expatriate workers of the colonial government. The Cemeteries Ordinance of 1888 was amended in 1891. Following this amendment, the Births, Deaths, and Burials Ordinance was passed in 1912, along with the introduction of birth registration as part of the civil registration process.

The Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance was amended in 1926 and eventually replaced with the Registration of Births and Deaths Act of 1965 (Act 301). The provisions of Act 301 made the registration of births and deaths compulsory in all parts of the country. Act 301 also provided for the registration of foetal deaths. Act 301 was in operation for fifty-five (55) years, from 1965 to 2020 when it was changed to Act 1027 of 2020.

The legal framework is not the only component of civil registration that has undergone several transformations. The institutions with the legally recognized mandate over civil registration have also changed severally. At its inception, civil registration was not under any specific department. In 1895, the responsibility of civil registration was vested under the Sanitary Section of the Department of Medical Services and remained under the medical department from 1912 to 1926. However, between 1948 and 1960, this responsibility was placed under the Registrar-General's Department.

With the establishment of the Births and Deaths Registry in 1965, civil registration was placed under the Ministry of Local Government with the mandate of handling the data collection component of the registration, while the Central Bureau of Statistics, now Ghana Statistical Service, handled the data processing. In 1972, the Births and Deaths Registry was reassigned to the Ministry of Finance under the direct supervision of the Government Statistician. However, in 1984, under the government policy of decentralization, the registry reverted to the Ministry of Local Government, now known as the Ministry of Local Government Decentralisation and Rural Development.

Currently, the legal mandate of registering births and deaths resides with the Births and Deaths Registry which is a department under the Ministry of Local Government Decentralisation and Rural Development.

The Births and Deaths Registry established by the Registration of Births and Deaths Act 2020 (Act 1027), within the Ministry of Local Government Decentralisation and Rural Development, handles and develop the births and deaths registration system in Ghana. Its core business is to provide accurate and reliable information on all births and deaths occurring within Ghana for socio-economic development of the Country through their registration and certification. Table 1 presents information on the total number of registered births in Ghana from 2010 to 2021.

Table 1: Registered Births (2010 – 2021)

Year	Total Births Registered
2010	479,717
2011	493,872
2012	475,731
2013	463,409
2014	476,447
2015	491,268
2016	532,440
2017	551,933
2018	610,657
2019	707,064
2020	601,111
2021	629,537

3.0 Organisation and Structure

The organisational setup of the registration system covers four levels: national, regional, district, and registries (sub-districts). Births and Deaths Registration Offices are established at all the levels. There is an office in each administrative district across the country headed by a District Registrar. Also, each region has a Regional Office managed by a Regional Registrar, Regional Statistical Officer, and an I.T

Officer. The National Office, which is headed by the Registrar of Births and Deaths is at the top of the command chain.

Registration is done by Births and Deaths Registration Officers at the registries. Statistics generated from these officers are collated at the district offices, which are the direct supervisory bodies of the registries. The collated data is then submitted to regional offices for submission to the Head Office for national compilation.

4.0 Methodology

4.1 Birth Registration Process

Birth event is reported by either the mother or the father of the newborn, or a member of the family or anyone who has foreknowledge of the event. The person reporting the event is known as the *informant*. A District Registration Officer in the district in which the birth occurs completes the Birth Registration Form 4 with responses from the informant. The Registration Officer enters the details of birth into a Birth Register, certifies the birth by issuing a birth certificate, and uploads details of the completed Form 4 unto an electronic database through a Computer-Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI) System.

4.2 Data Compilation

Compilation of birth statistics comes in three forms as follows:

1. a summary statistic submitted monthly to the National Statistics Unit,
2. a birth register kept by the District Officer and submitted to the National Office only when it is full, and
3. an electronic database which contains detail information on registered birth events.

Birth events data are generated from 470 registries across the 261 registration districts.

4.3 Data Source

This report has been prepared using data from the BDR electronic database and validated by the monthly statistical returns and the birth registers from registration districts. Prior to the analysis of registered births data, a data cleaning and validation team was constituted to ensure the generated output emanates from a consistent,

accurate and complete birth registration data. The team's role included data cleaning to eliminate possible duplicates and errors.

4.4 Data Analysis

Descriptive statistics were used to describe the characteristics of birth events. The analysis covered place of birth, age of mother, sex of child, date of registration of event, day of birth, and other characteristics of birth.

4.5 Estimation and Projection

The National Office of the Registry projects yearly expected births to be recorded in the country by regions and districts. The estimates are to guide statistical activities for the respective registration years. These projections are based on the most current Population and Housing Census (PHC) of the country. Population and Housing Census consist of a population census and a housing census as one operation (GSS, 2021)⁴. Such projections ensure that the registration figures reflect the country's prevailing fertility rates.

Since 2011, the Registry has used projections from the 2010 Population and Housing Census (PHC) to derive births and deaths estimates for the registration offices to serve as targets for each year (Age 0 population in the 2010 Census and BDR Projections for 2011-2021 displayed in Table 2)

Table 2: Age 0 population projections versus registered infant births (2011-2021)

Year	Projected Births	Total Births Registered
2010	731,201	479,717
2011	778,845	493,872
2012	798,711	475,731
2013	819,101	463,409
2014	840,031	476,447
2015	841,301	491,268
2016	851,630	532,440
2017	861,447	551,933
2018	873,726	610,657
2019	879,483	707,064
2020	887,681	601,111
2021	895,957	629,537

⁴ GSS. (2021). 2021 Population and Housing Census. https://statsghana.gov.gh/2021phc/what_is_phc.html

Given that such projections were unlikely to reflect the changing demographic pattern of the country after 11 years (as evidenced by the disparity between the 2021 projected births of 895, 957 against the actual births of 730,592 in the 2021 PHC), new registration targets based on the 2021 PHC mid-year population⁵ were estimated.

To estimate births in 2022, the Registry projected the total births in the country using the exponential method of population change as well as the cohort component approach. These yielded different variants of the estimates of the total infant population in 2022.

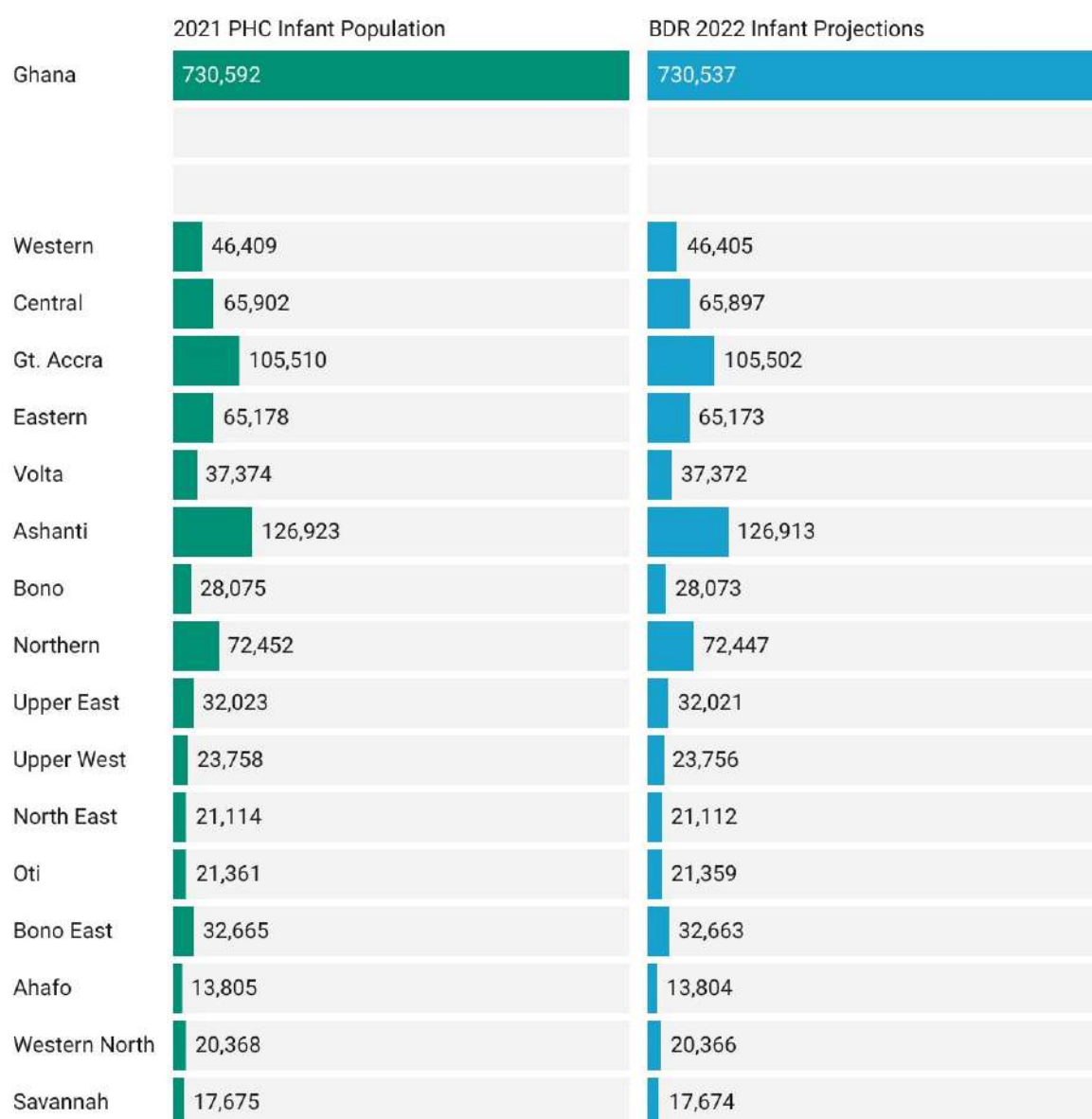
With the exponential estimation approach, and against the 2010 and 2021 PHC mid-year population figures, a negative exponential rate was observed for the expected infant population for 2022. However, the 2022 expected infant population at the national level only recorded a marginal reduction from 730,592 in the 2021 PHC to 730,537 in 2022. Similar estimates were obtained for the regional and district infant populations (Regional comparison presented in Figure 1).

The reduction in the total number of live births, lower than the previous years, reflects the lower certainty of population projections over longer periods than short-term projections where the base data are from the most recent census. Thus, the estimates of the total number of infants in 2022 range from 730,537 (based on the exponential method), through 754,687 (when adjusted for infant mortality), to 790,713 (based on the Cohort Component Method). The estimate of 730,537 reflects the overall drop in fertility and conforms to the age structure of the population 0 to 4 years in the 2021 PHC. Thus, the denominator for computing the coverage rate is based on this estimate.

To obtain the estimates for the various regions, the proportion of births by each region to the total number of infants in 2021 is held constant.

⁵ The mid-year population estimates relate to the usually resident population on 30th June of each year. In this context the 2021 PHC outcome is used as the mid-year population.

Figure 1: 2021 Mid-year infant population versus 2022 BDR Projections



4.6 Quality Control

To enhance the quality of data from the field, the BDR assigned Regional Statistical Officers to each region to assess the quality of data submitted by the field officers. The Regional Statistical Officers monitored all data from the region and reported observed errors and inconsistencies to the National Statistics Office for necessary action. Officers from the National Office also embarked on monitoring exercises to registration centres and district offices to oversee mass registration exercises and data inputs.

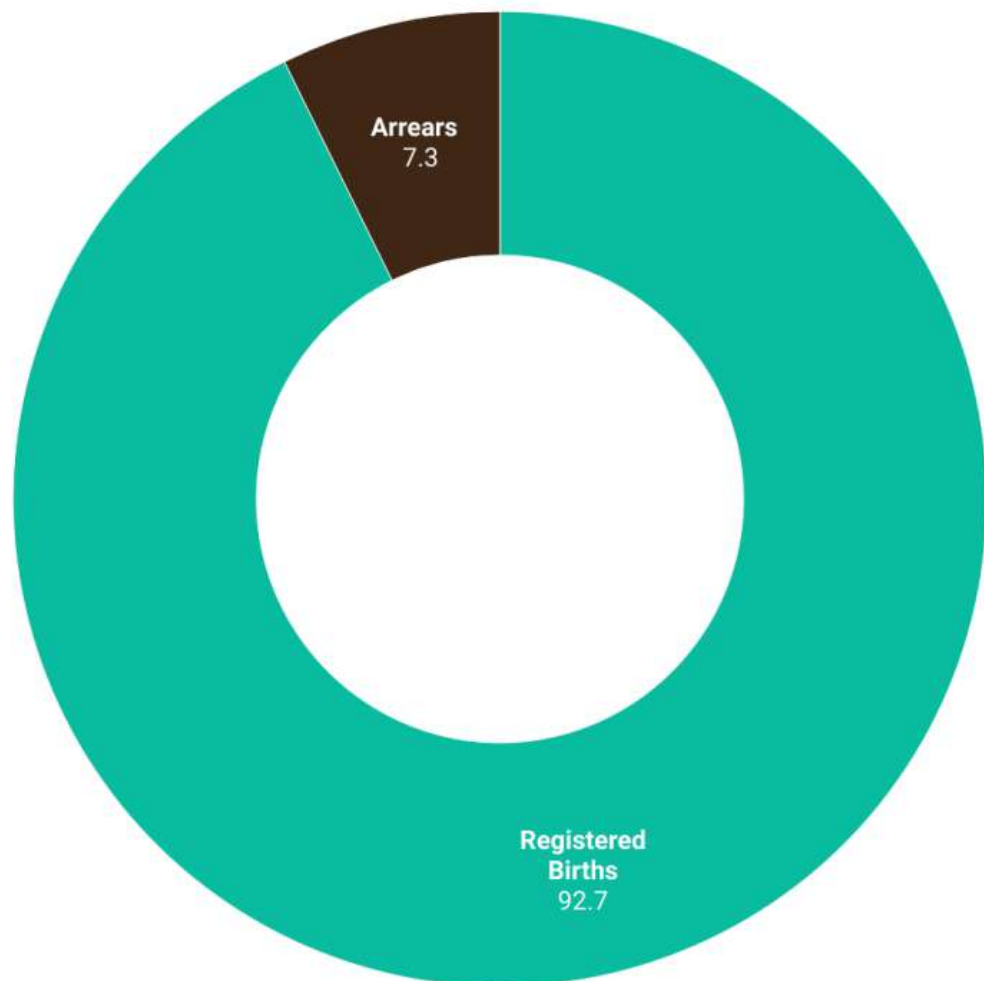
5.0 Highlights of Results

A total of 677,140 infant births were registered in 2022. This is an increase by 7.6 percent (47,646 registered births) from the year 2021. On average, 1,855 births were registered daily across the country.

The Registry's birth registration performance for 2022 was 92.7 percent against the projected 730,537 infant population using the 2021 Population and Housing Census (PHC) as base.

Approximately, seven percent of the total expected births for 2022 remain unregistered.

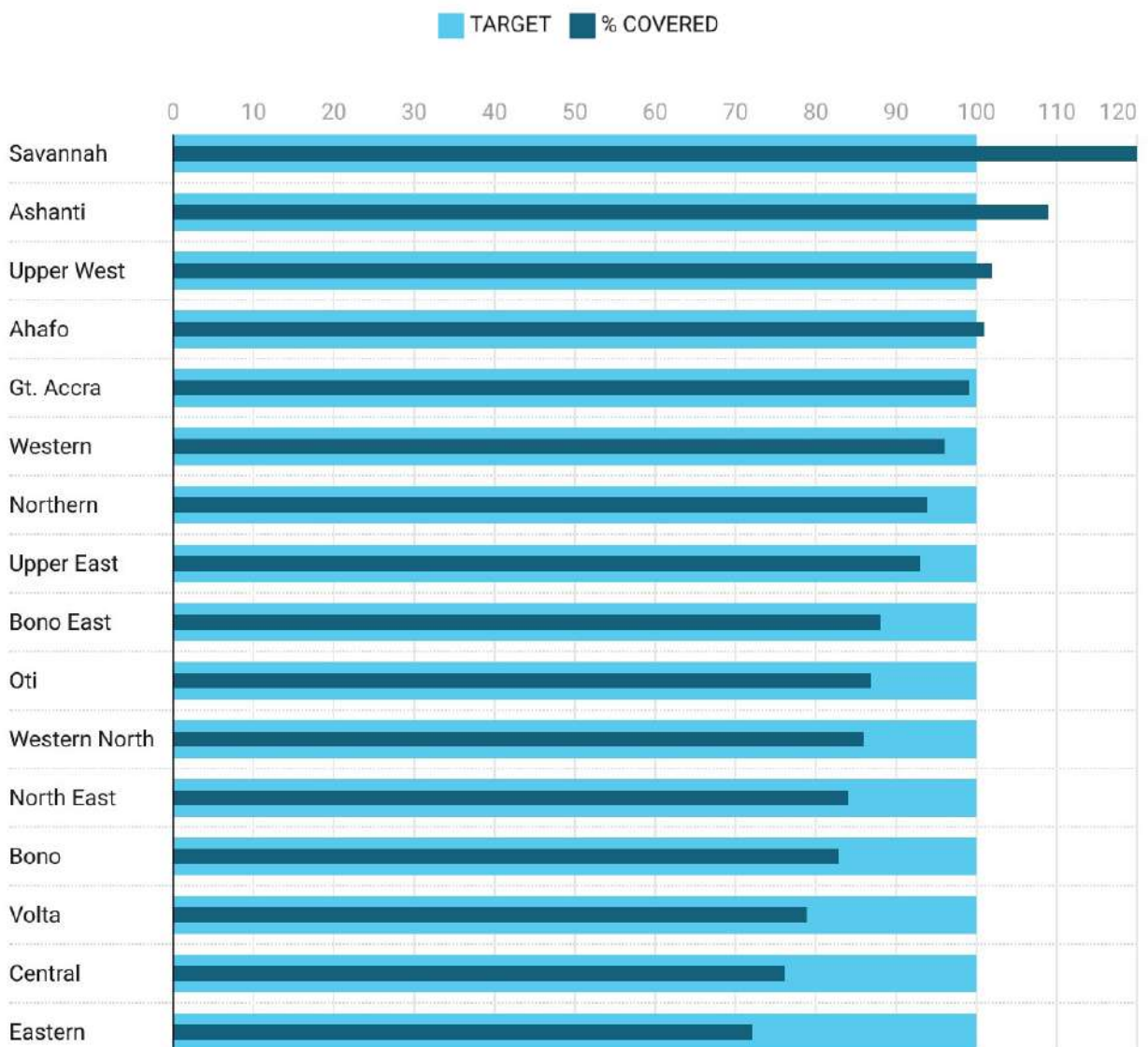
Figure 2: Distribution of national birth registration coverage, 2022



Savannah (119.9%), Ashanti (108.6%), Upper West (101.5%), and Ahafo (100.8%) regions have registered more births than their expected births.

Each region have registered more than 70 percent of their total expected births.

Figure 3: Regional birth registration performance against annual targets, 2022

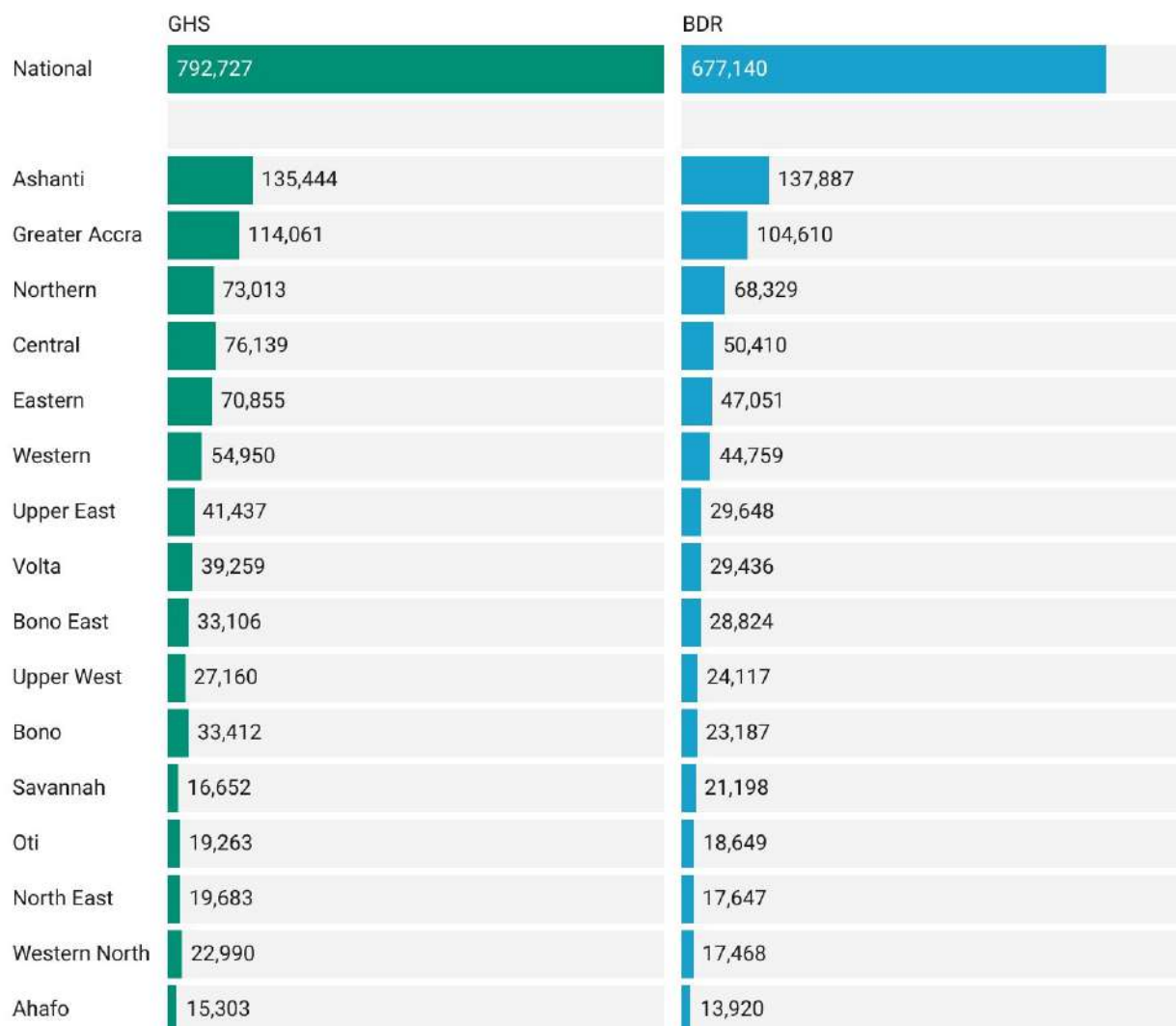


A total of 677,140 infant births were registered out of the 792,727 recorded by the Ghana Health Service (GHS) in 2022.

The Ashanti and Savannah regions registered more births than was recorded by GHS in their respective regions.

Each region registered at least 80 percent of the births recorded by GHS.

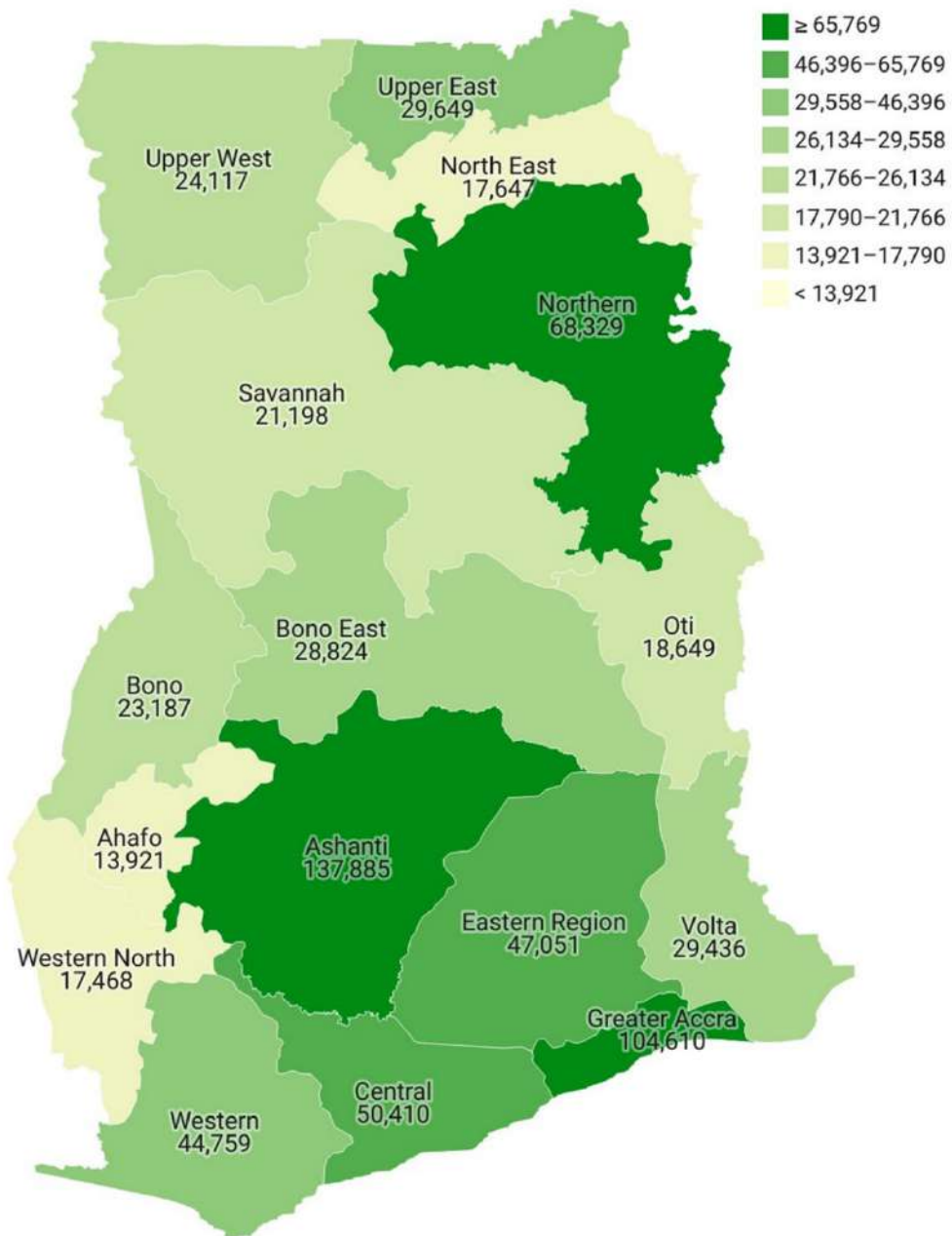
Figure 4: Registered births compared to recorded births by Ghana Health Service, 2022



Out of the 677,140 births registered nationwide, more than a third (35.9%) occurred in the Ashanti and Greater Accra regions. Registration for Ashanti, Greater Accra, Northern and Central regions contributed to more than half (53.4%) of all registered births.

With 13,921 (2.1%), the Ahafo Region has the least percentage share of total registered births.

Figure 5: Regional distribution of registered births, 2022

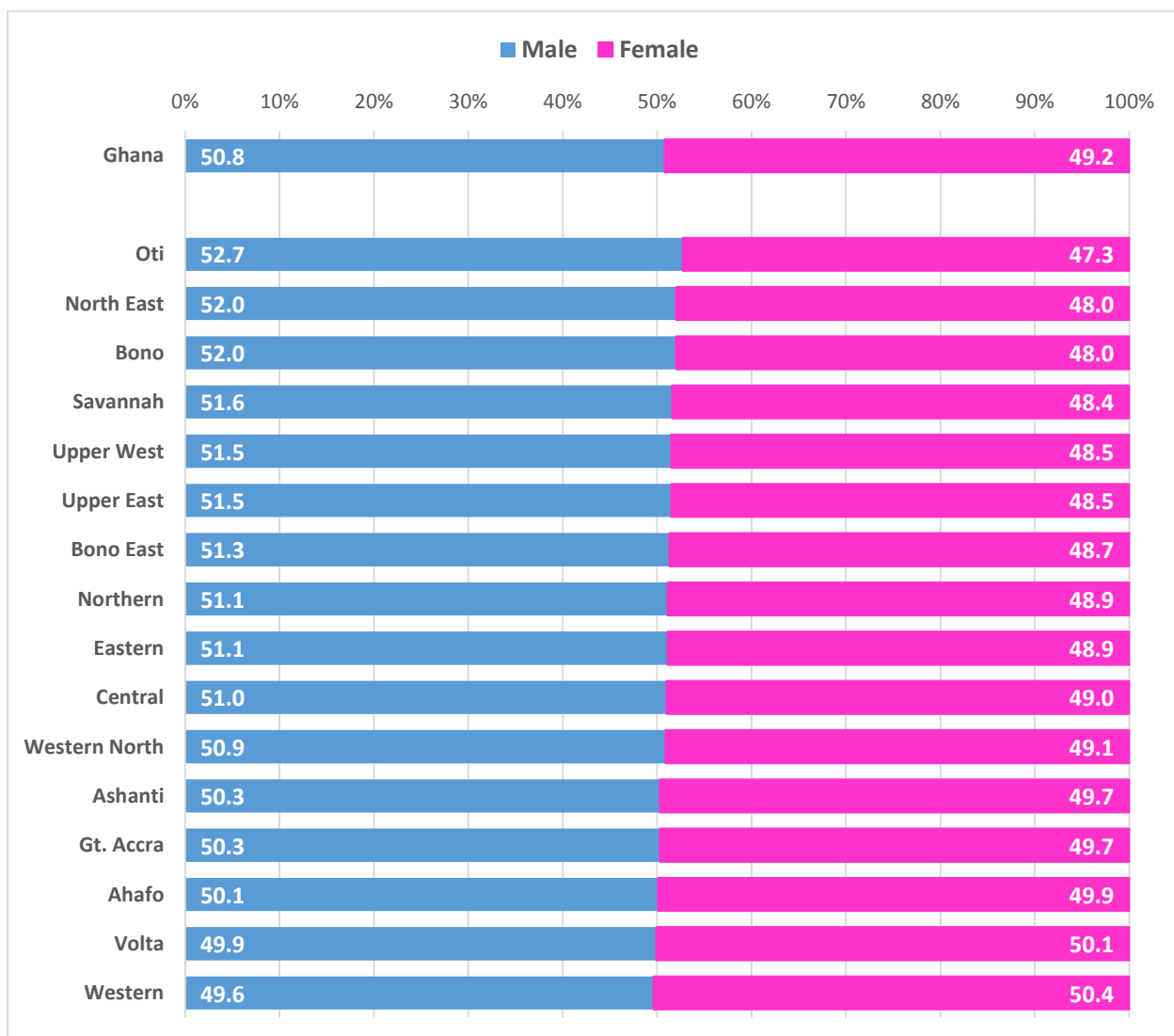


A total of 343,913 males constituting 50.8 percent and 333,227 females (49.2%) births were registered giving a sex ratio of 103 male per 100 female births at the national level.

In the Oti Region, 52.7 percent of all registered births were male.

Ashanti , Greater Accra, Ahafo, Volta, and Western regions have near sex parity in terms of registered births.

Figure 6: Percentage distribution of registered births by sex, 2022



Birth registration peaked in the month of September (10.9%), followed by August (9.9%), November (9.7%) and October (9.7%) with January (6.3%) having the lowest registration.

Out of the total births registered, 29.1 percent were registered in the third quarter (July, August, and September).

Figure 7: Distribution of registered births by month of registration, 2022

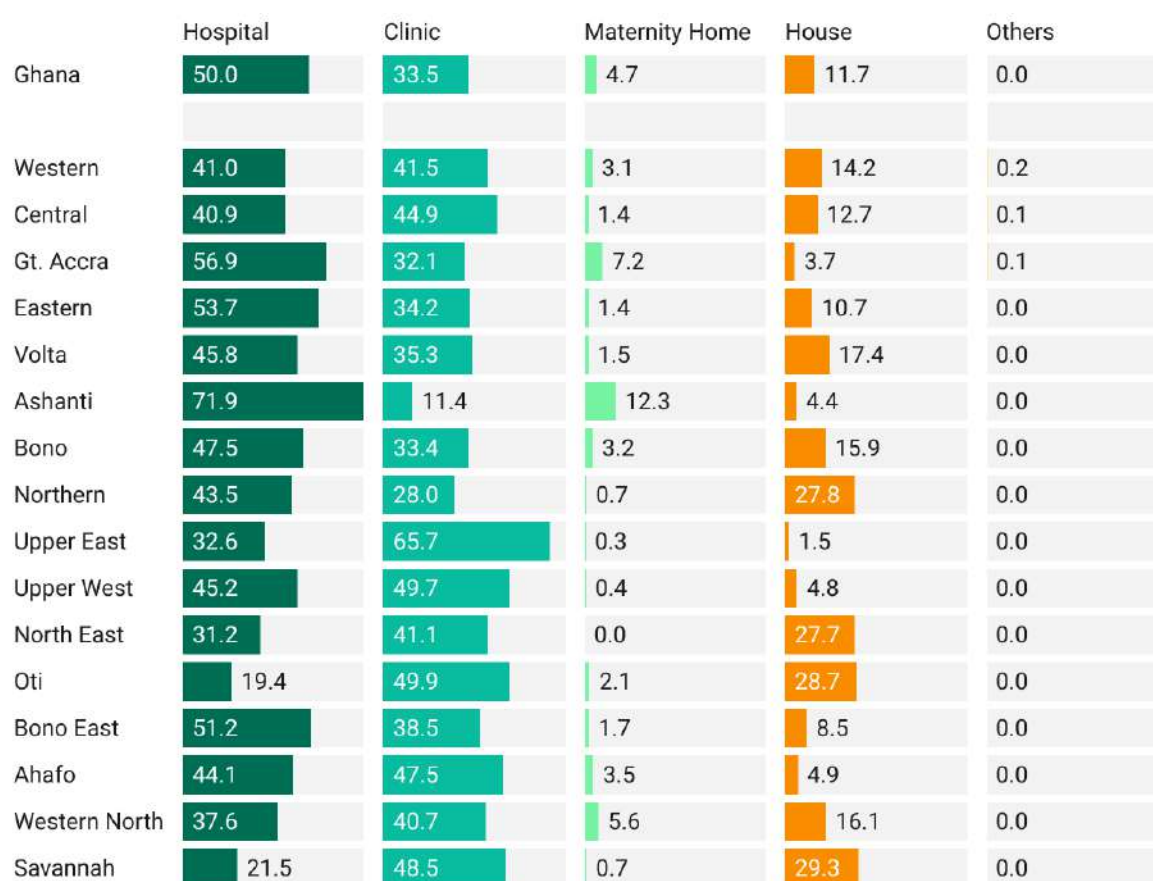


Half (50.0%) of all registered births occurred in a hospital. Approximately 33.5 percent of the total registered births occurred in a clinic, health centre, polyclinic, or a CHPS compound.

Seven out of every ten registered births (71.9%) in Ashanti region occurred in a hospital.

Savannah (29.3%), Oti (28.7%), Northern (27.8%), and North East (27.7%) regions have more than 20 percent of their registered births occurring in the house.

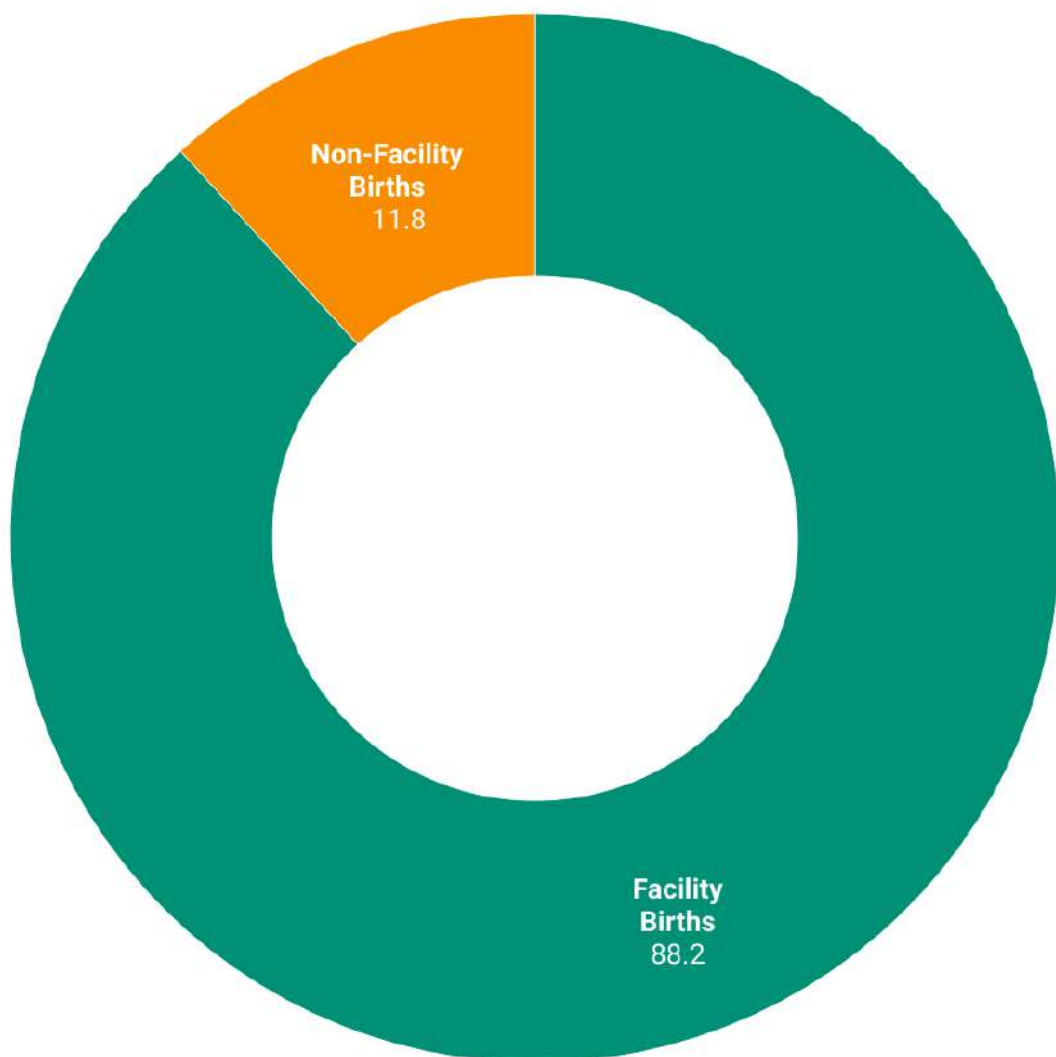
Figure 8: Percentage distribution of registered births by place of birth, 2022



Nearly nine out of 10 registered births (88.2%) occurred in Health Facilities (Hospitals, Poly Clinics, Health Centres, Clinics, or CHPS Compounds) across the nation.

Registered births occurring in the house or other places made up 11.8 percent.

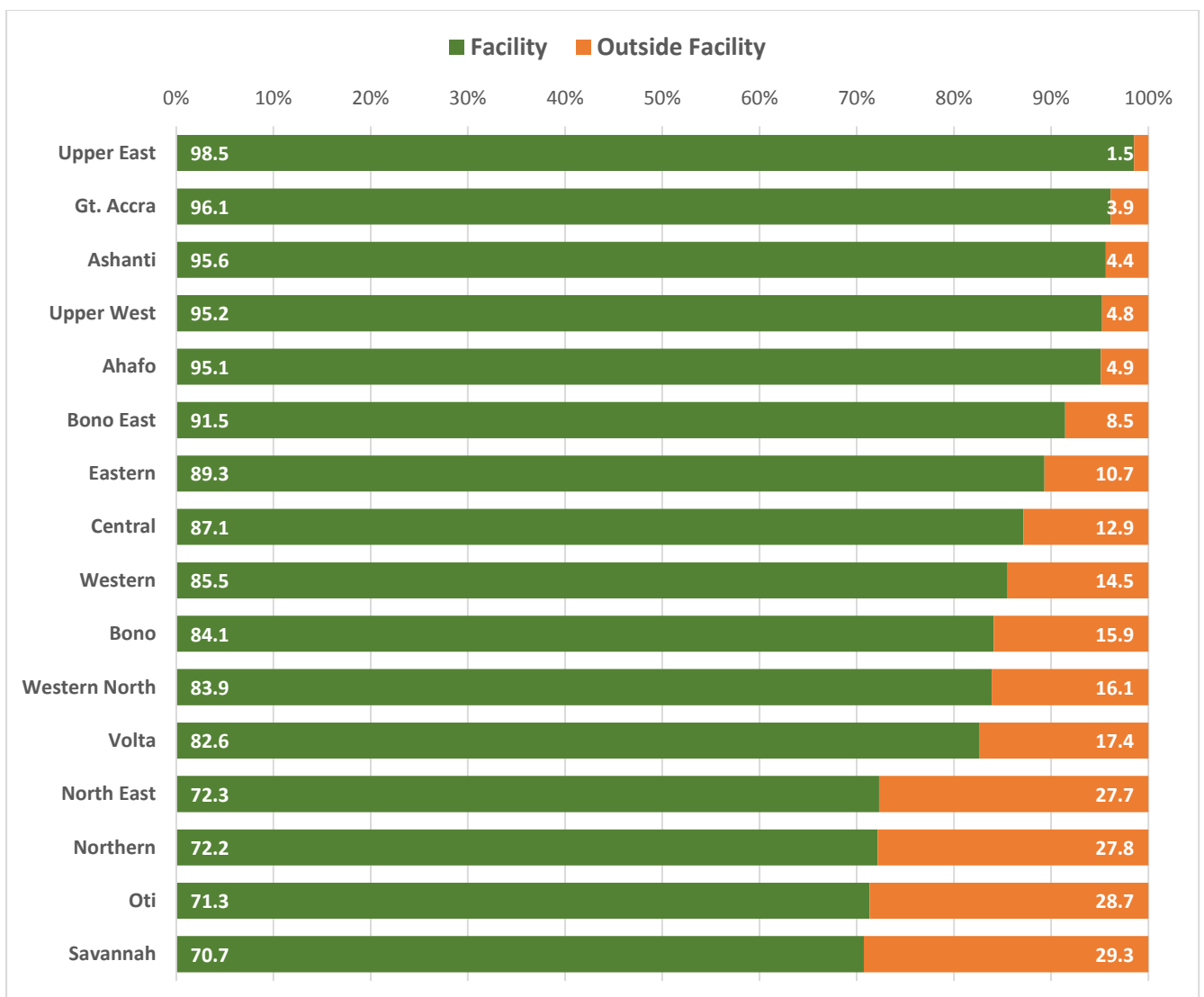
Figure 9: Percentage distribution of facility and non-facility births, 2022



Six regions (Upper East, Greater Accra, Ashanti, Upper West, and Ahafo) have more than 90 percent of their registered births occurring in a health facility.

The least percentage (70.7%) of registered births occurring in health facilities was recorded by the Savannah region.

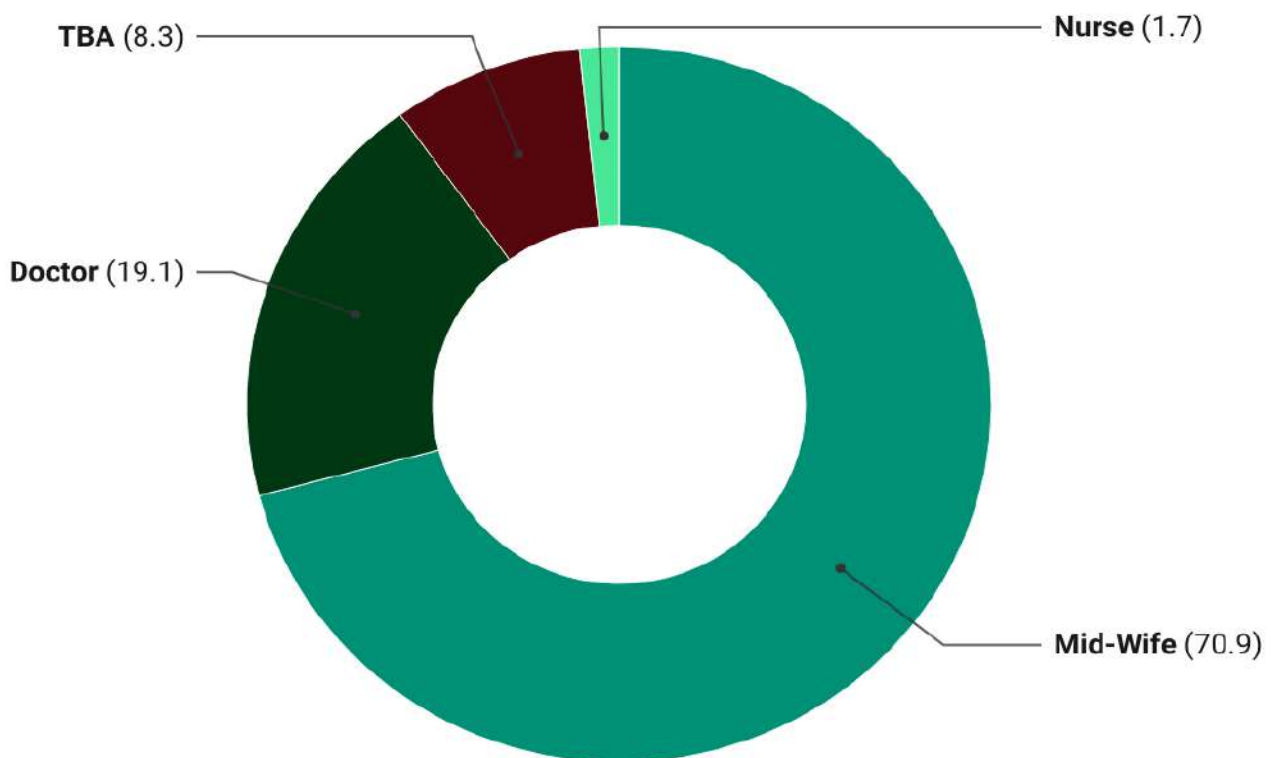
Figure 10: Percentage distribution of registered births by region and place of occurrence, 2022



Nine out of ten (91.7%) of all registered births were attended to by health professionals. A total of 479,802 (70.9%) births were attended to by Mid-wives, with Doctors and Nurses assisting 129,446 (19.1%) and 11,630 (1.7%) births respectively.

Of the total births registered, 56,262 (8.3%) were attended by Traditional Birth Attendants (TBAs).

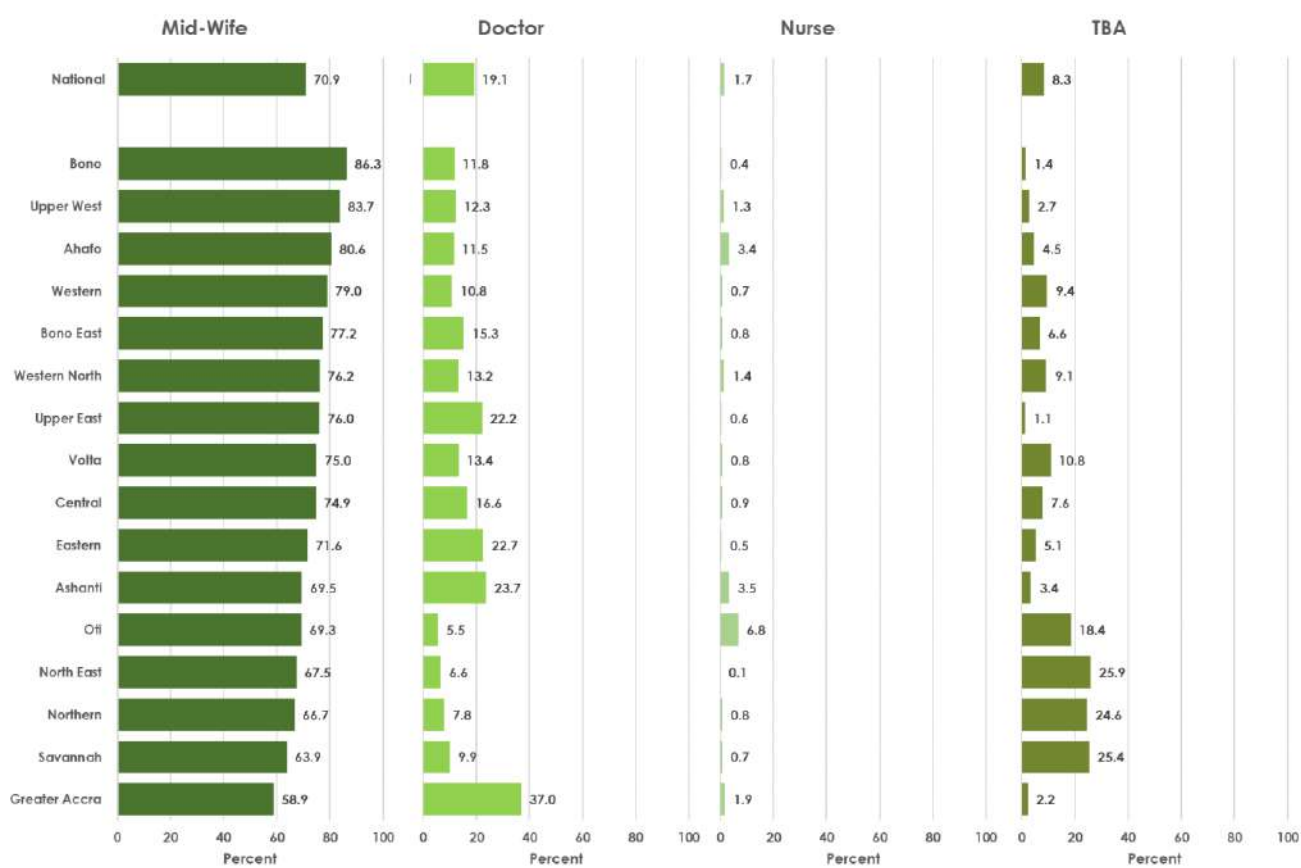
Figure 11: Percentage Distribution of Registered Births by Type of Birth Attendant, 2022



Upper East (98.9%), Bono (98.6%), and Greater Accra (97.8%) have the highest percentage of registered births attended by health professionals.

North East (25.9%), Savannah (25.4%), and Northern (24.6%) regions have over 20 percent of their registered births attended by Traditional Birth Attendants.

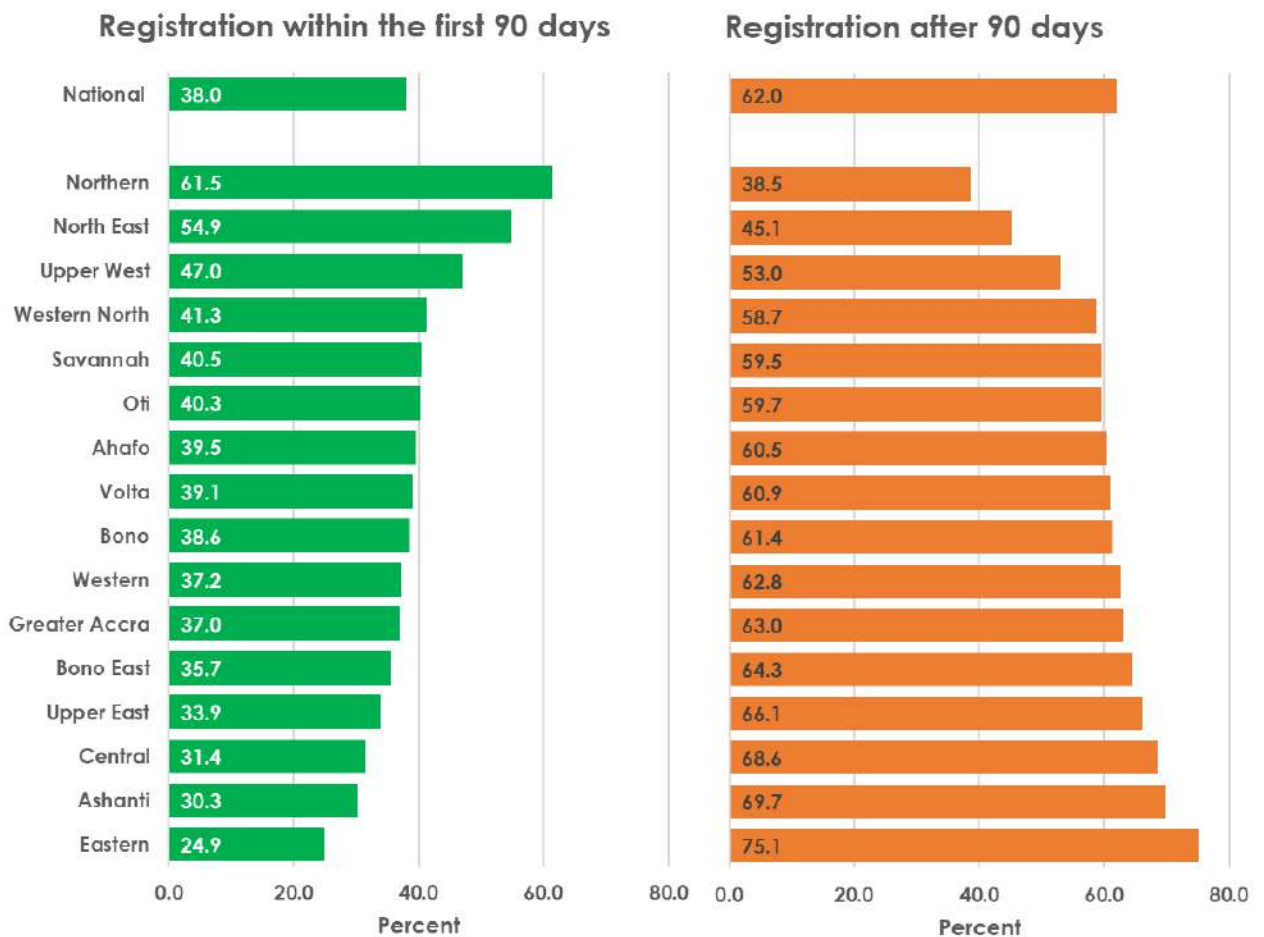
Figure 12: Registered births by region and type of birth attendant, 2022



Thirty-eight percent of all registered births were registered within the first 90 days of occurrence. The Northern region has the highest percentage (61.5%) of birth registration within 90 days. North East region also have more than half (54.9%) of its total registered births being registered within 90 days.

Of the total registered births in the Eastern Region, 75.1 percent were registered after the first 90 days. Ashanti, Central, Upper East, Bono East, Greater Accra, and Western also have more than 62 percent of their total birth registration occurring after the first 90 days of birth.

Figure 13: Registered births by timeliness of registration, 2022

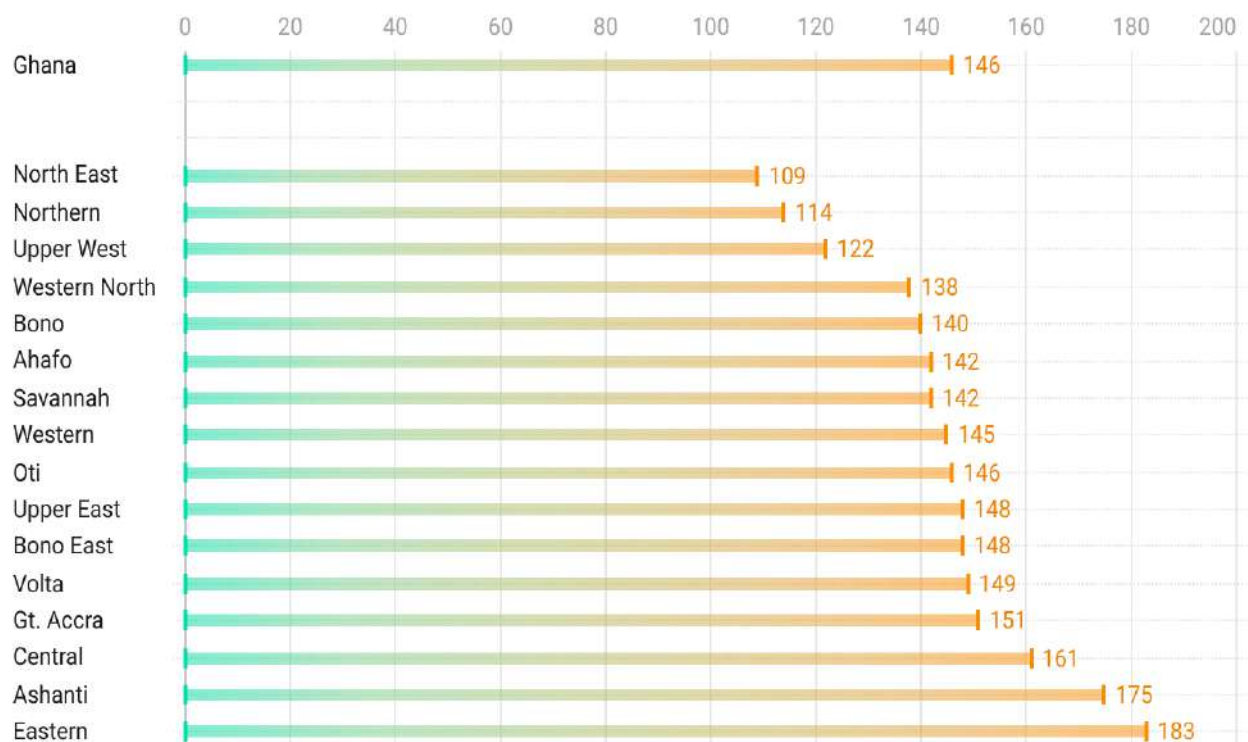


On average, babies get registered within 146 days (5 months) after delivery.

At 109 days, the North East Region have the shortest average number of days between delivery and birth registration. Northern, Upper West, Western North, Bono, Ahafo, Savannah, and Western regions have shorter periods of registration than the national average.

Most often, Infants in the Eastern region must wait until 183 days (six months) before having a legal prove of identity.

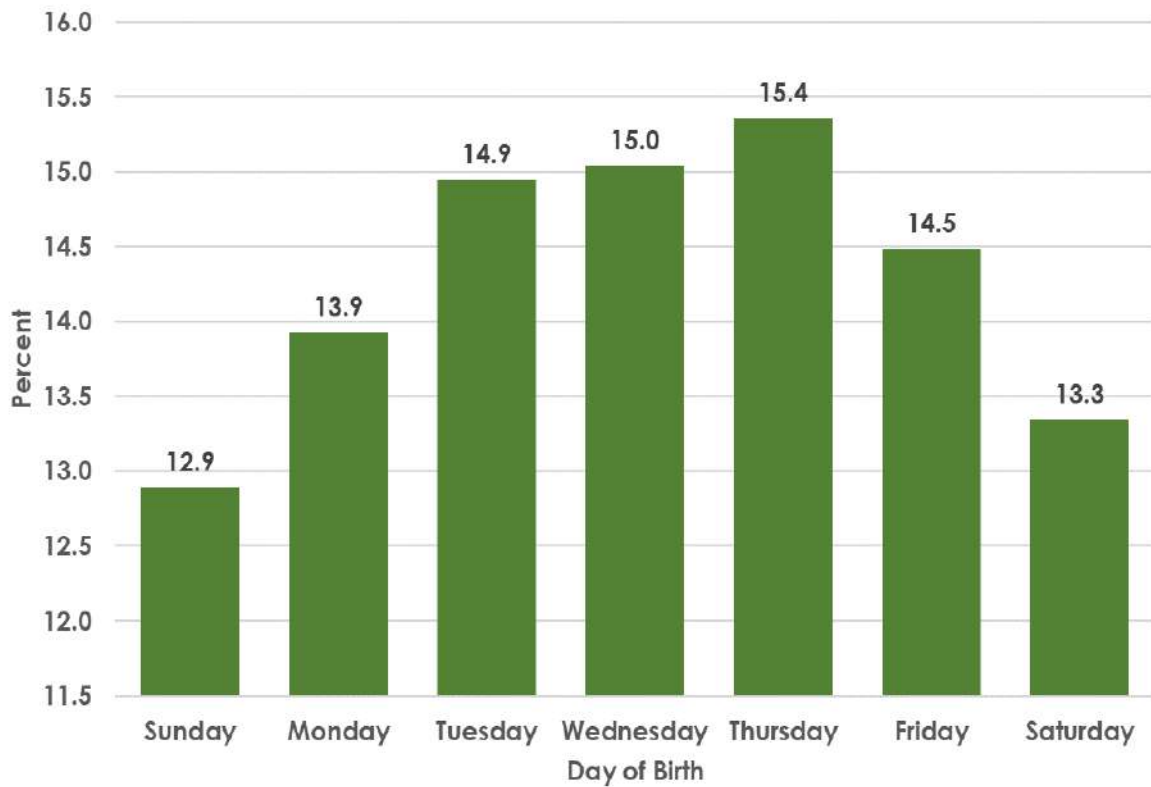
Figure 14: Distribution of average number of days between delivery and birth registration, 2022



The highest proportion of registered infants (15.4%) were born on Thursday, followed by Wednesday (15.0%).

Sunday recorded the least number of infant births (12.9%) from birth registration data.

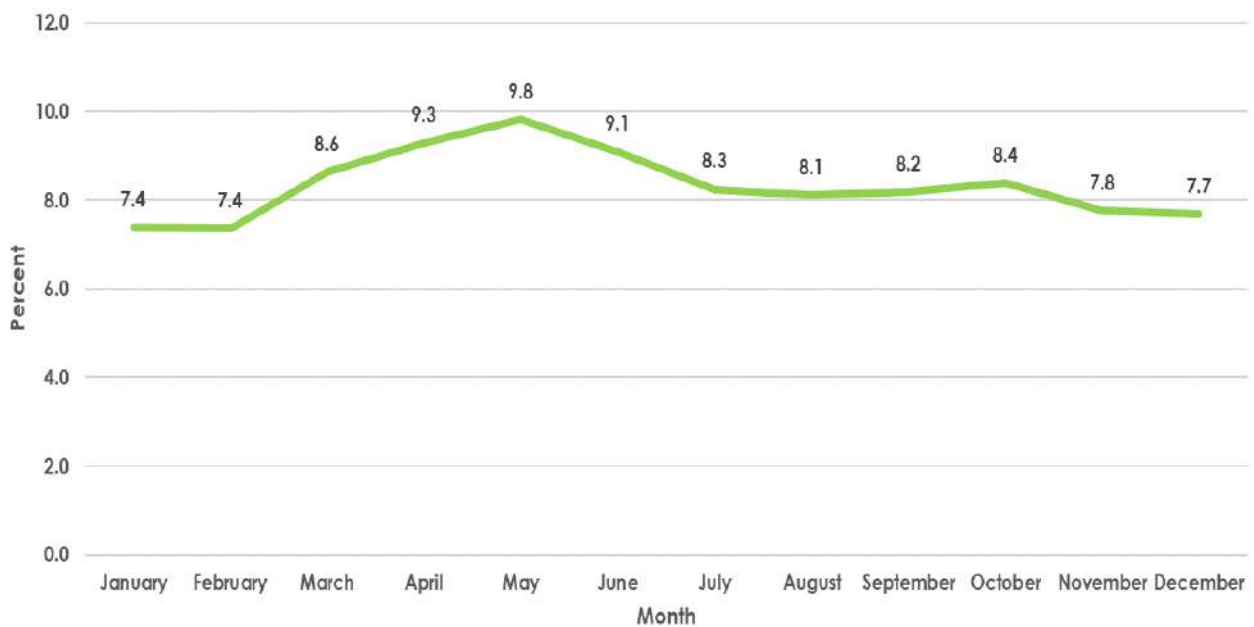
Figure 15: Percentage distribution of registered infant births by day of birth, 2022



The highest percentage (9.8%) of all registered infants were born in the month of May, followed by April (9.3%).

January and February have the least percentage of registered infant births (7.4%).

Figure 16: Percentage distribution of registered births by month of birth, 2022

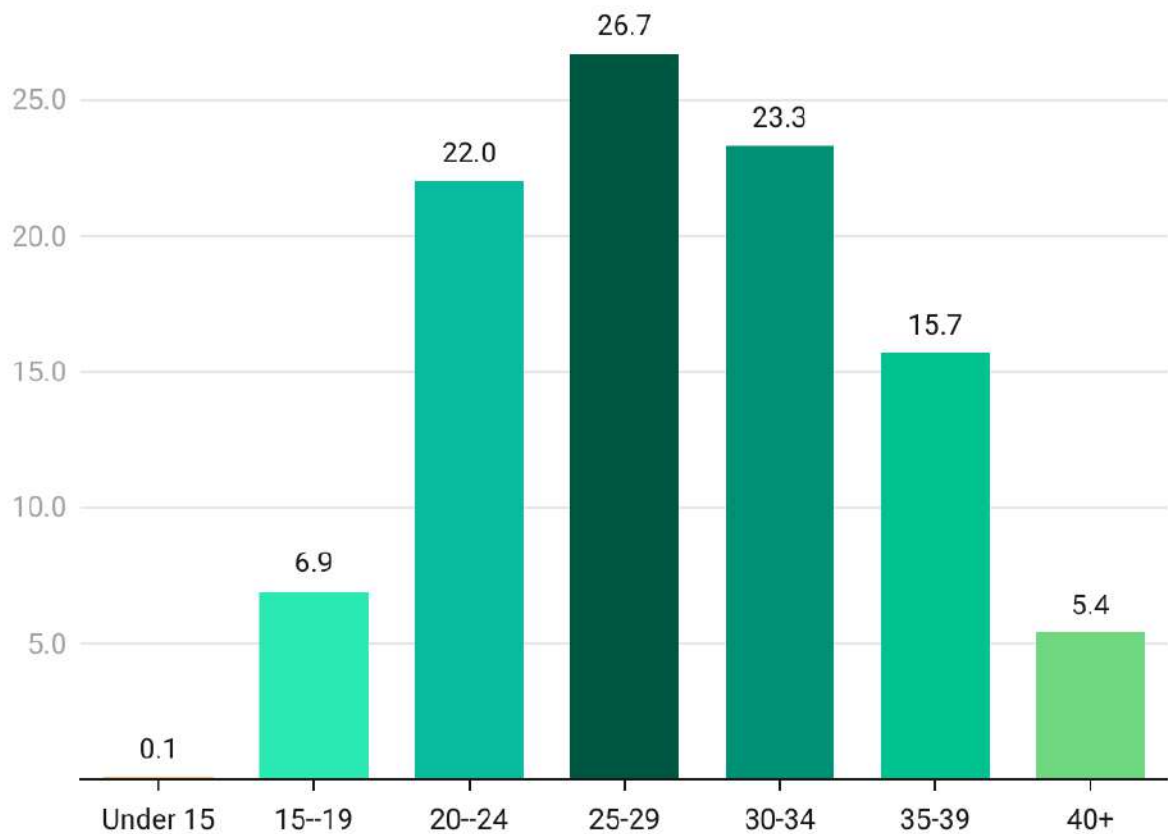


About 27.0 percent (26.7%) of registered infants were born by mothers in the age-group 25-29, followed by mothers in age-group 30-34 (23.3%), and 20-24 (22%).

Mothers below 15 years recorded the least births (0.1%) followed by mothers in age-group 40 and above (5.4%).

Seven in every ten infants registered (72%) were born by mothers between the ages of 20 and 34.

Figure 17: Percentage distribution of registered births by age of mother, 2022

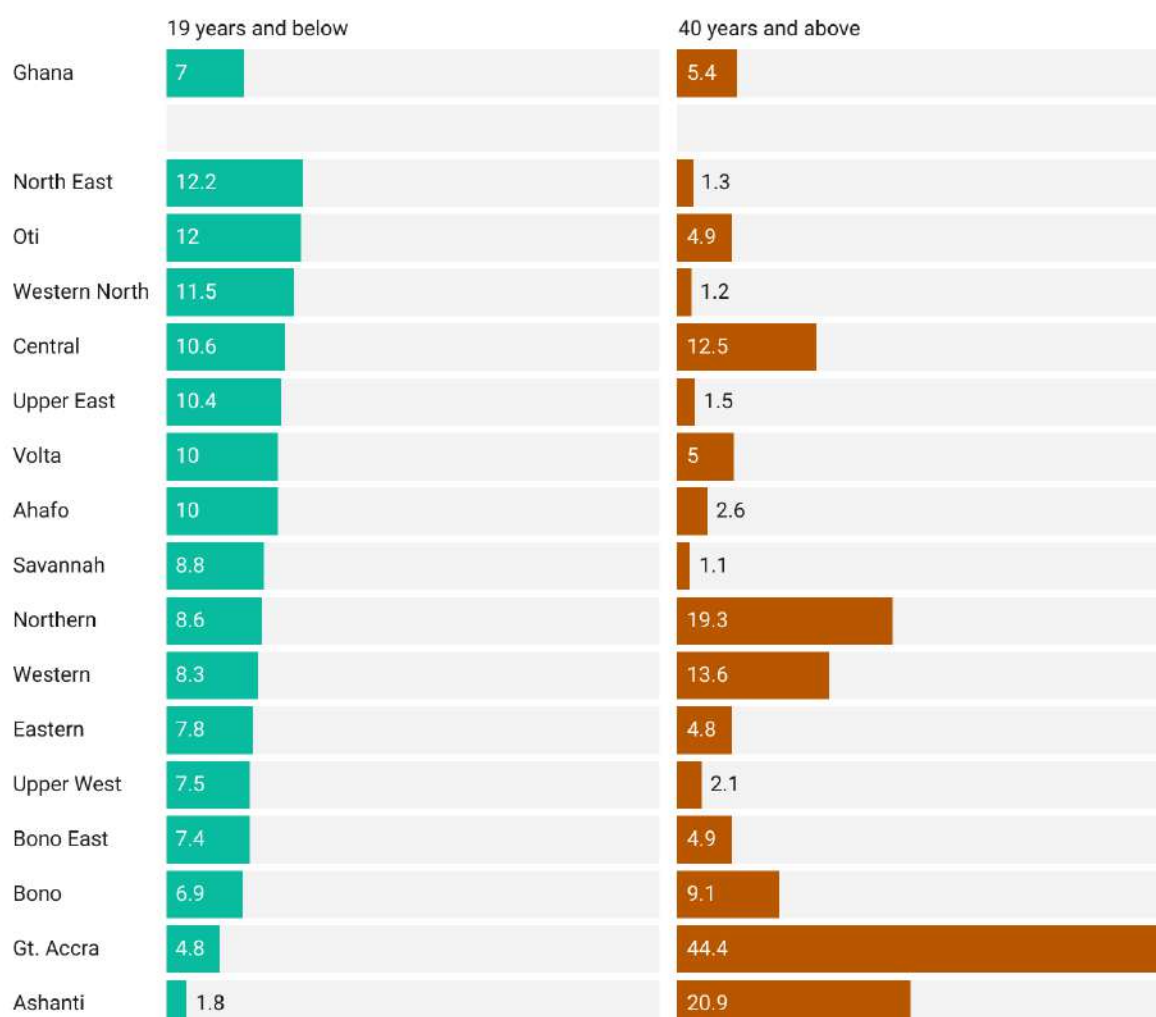


Seven percent of all registered infants were born by teenage mothers (19 years or below). North East region have the highest proportion of teenage mothers according to births registered.

Only three regions (Ashanti, Greater Accra, and Bono) have proportion of teenage mothers lower than the national proportion.

Four out of every ten registered infants in the Greater Accra Region have mothers who are 40 years or above. Ashanti, Northern, Western, and Central regions also have proportion of mothers 40 years or above exceeding 10 percent of their totals.

Figure 18: Share of teenage mothers and elderly mothers, 2022



Almost, all mothers (99.96%) who registered their infants' births have acquired some level of formal education. Fifty-two percent of all registered births were by mothers who had secondary, vocational, or technical education. Fourteen percent attended only primary school and about ten percent (9.7%) attended tertiary.

The Greater Accra Region have the highest percentage (20.1%) of mothers with tertiary education.

Figure 19: Distribution of registered births by mothers' educational level, 2022



A total of 2,099 (0.3%) of all registered births have doubtful paternity cases (situations in which identity of the father of the child is not known).

Upper East region have the highest percentage (0.8%) of doubtful paternity cases followed by Central region (0.7%).

Almost all registered births (99.9%) in the Upper West, Bono East, Ashanti, Savannah, Northern, and North East regions are known paternity cases (identity of the father is known).

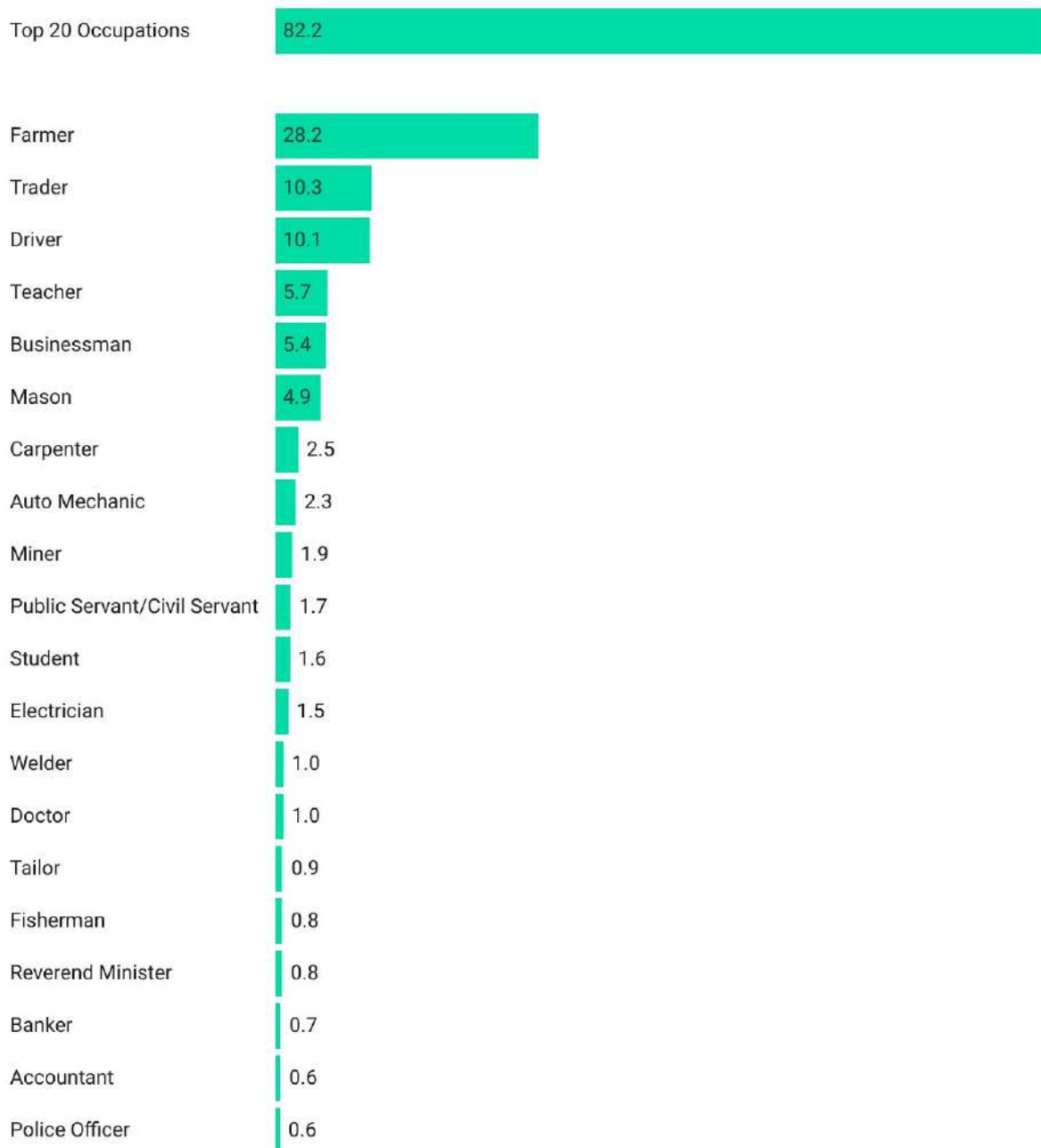
Figure 20: Distribution of registered births by doubtful paternity and known paternity cases, 2022

	Doubtful Paternity %	Known Paternity %
Ghana	0.3	99.7
Upper East	0.8	99.2
Central	0.7	99.3
Western	0.5	99.5
Eastern	0.5	99.5
Volta	0.5	99.5
Gt. Accra	0.4	99.6
Ahafo	0.4	99.6
Western North	0.3	99.7
Oti	0.3	99.7
Bono	0.2	99.8
Upper West	0.1	99.9
Bono East	0.1	99.9
Ashanti	0.1	99.9
Savannah	0.1	99.9
Northern	0.1	99.9
North East	0.1	99.9

The top 20 father's occupation in the 2022 birth registration records make up 82.2 percent of the total father's occupation recorded.

Fathers who were Farmers make up 28.2 percent, followed by fathers who were Traders (10.3%). Police Officers complete the list of top 20 father occupations by fathering 0.6 percent of the total infants registered.

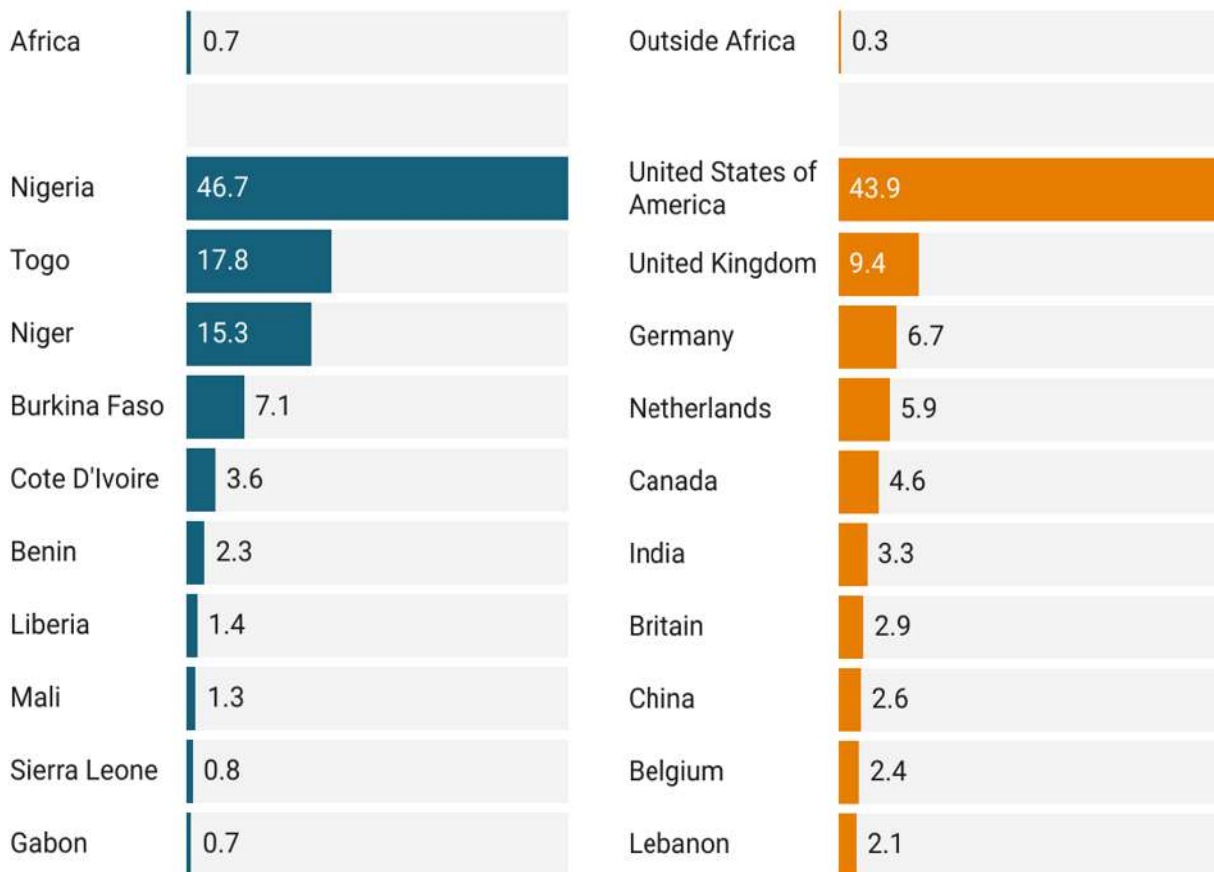
Figure 21: Registered births by fathers' occupation, 2022



A total of 4,738 men from other African countries fathered 0.7 percent of the total infants registered. The top ten African countries are led by Nigerian (46.7%) and Togolese fathers (17.8%). Gabonese fathers have the lowest proportion (0.7%) among the top ten African countries.

Out of the total registered infants, 1,741 (0.3%) have fathers with nationalities outside Africa. Babies with American fathers add up to 43.9 percent. United Kingdom and Germany have 9.4 percent and 6.7 percent respectively. Lebanese fathers complete the top 10 with 2.1 percent.

Figure 22: Percentage distribution of non-Ghanaian fathers, 2022



APPENDIX

MAIN TABLES

Table 3: Registered births by region and sex against annual expected births, 2022

REGION	ANNUAL EXPECTED BIRTHS	TOTAL REGISTERED BIRTHS	MALE	FEMALE	COVERAGE %
GHANA	730,537	677,140	343,913	333,227	92.7
WESTERN	46,405	44,759	22,217	22,542	96.5
CENTRAL	65,897	50,410	25,687	24,723	76.5
GT ACCRA	105,502	104,610	52,576	52,034	99.2
EASTERN	65,173	47,051	24,050	23,001	72.2
VOLTA	37,371	29,436	14,695	14,741	78.8
ASHANTI	126,913	137,887	69,403	68,484	108.6
BONO	28,073	23,187	12,049	11,138	82.6
NORTHERN	72,447	68,329	34,946	33,383	94.3
UPPER EAST	32,021	29,648	15,269	14,379	92.6
UPPER WEST	23,756	24,117	12,422	11,695	101.5
NORTH EAST	21,112	17,647	9,171	8,476	83.6
OTI	21,359	18,649	9,829	8,820	87.3
BONO EAST	32,663	28,824	14,786	14,038	88.2
AHAFO	13,804	13,920	6,967	6,953	100.8
WESTERN NORTH	20,366	17,468	8,898	8,570	85.8
SAVANNAH	17,674	21,198	10,948	10,250	119.9

Table 4: Registered births by region and share of contribution, 2022

REGION	TOTAL REGISTERED BIRTHS	SHARE OF REGISTERED BIRTHS
GHANA	677,140	100.0
WESTERN	44,759	6.6
CENTRAL	50,410	7.4
GT ACCRA	104,610	15.4
EASTERN	47,051	6.9
VOLTA	29,436	4.3
ASHANTI	137,887	20.4
BONO	23,187	3.4
NORTHERN	68,329	10.1
UPPER EAST	29,648	4.4
UPPER WEST	24,117	3.6
NORTH EAST	17,647	2.6
OTI	18,649	2.8
BONO EAST	28,824	4.3
AHAFO	13,920	2.1
WESTERN NORTH	17,468	2.6
SAVANNAH	21,198	3.1

Table 5: Registered births against births recorded by the Ghana Health Service, 2022

REGIONS	TOTAL BIRTHS RECORDED BY GHS	TOTAL REGISTERED BIRTHS	PERCENTAGE
GHANA	792,727	677,140	85.4
WESTERN	54,950	44,759	81.5
CENTRAL	76,139	50,410	66.2
GREATER ACCRA	114,061	104,610	91.7
EASTERN	70,855	47,051	66.4
VOLTA	39,259	29,436	75.0
ASHANTI	135,444	137,887	101.8
BONO	33,412	23,187	69.4
NORTHERN	73,013	68,329	93.6
UPPER EAST	41,437	29,648	71.5
UPPER WEST	27,160	24,117	88.8
NORTH EAST	19,683	17,647	89.7
OTI	19,263	18,649	96.8
BONO EAST	33,106	28,824	87.1
AHAFO	15,303	13,920	91.0
WESTERN NORTH	22,990	17,468	76.0
SAVANNAH	16,652	21,198	127.3

Table 6: Monthly distribution of registered births by month of registration, 2022

REGION	TOTAL BIRTHS REGISTERED	JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER
GHANA	677,140	44,473	51,460	59,392	47,471	49,585	57,419	55,820	61,289	66,614	61,950	64,844	56,823
WESTERN	44,759	2,798	3,130	3,729	2,959	3,023	4,194	3,992	4,596	4,387	3,855	5,120	2,976
CENTRAL	50,410	4,005	4,594	4,534	3,753	3,924	3,918	4,702	4,500	4,593	4,651	4,016	3,220
GT ACCRA	104,610	6,689	7,924	8,215	6,484	6,829	8,421	8,426	8,559	9,924	11,886	12,971	8,282
EASTERN	47,051	3,467	3,358	4,455	3,024	5,410	5,575	4,754	3,643	3,731	3,373	3,664	2,597
VOLTA	29,436	1,985	2,522	2,880	2,052	2,005	2,808	2,547	2,695	3,341	2,228	2,373	2,000
ASHANTI	137,887	7,163	8,333	13,806	10,228	9,269	10,246	11,263	14,040	14,244	12,792	12,674	13,829
BONO	23,187	1,902	1,924	1,953	1,893	1,883	1,979	2,188	1,889	2,003	2,003	2,001	1,569
NORTHERN	68,329	5,458	5,542	5,564	4,166	5,362	6,897	5,175	5,553	6,552	5,797	6,377	5,886
UPPER EAST	29,648	2,040	2,458	2,517	2,599	2,247	2,408	2,464	2,750	2,590	2,608	2,641	2,326
UPPER WEST	24,117	1,972	2,160	2,050	1,694	1,667	1,760	1,671	2,113	2,056	2,102	2,498	2,374
NORTH EAST	17,647	1,111	1,383	1,624	1,253	1,330	1,671	1,398	1,264	1,817	1,514	1,495	1,787
OTI	18,649	1,179	1,731	1,735	1,537	1,519	1,506	1,420	1,265	2,214	1,296	1,754	1,493
BONO EAST	28,824	1,697	2,140	2,287	1,919	2,015	1,760	1,974	2,392	3,104	3,540	3,054	2,942
AHAFO	13,920	922	1,296	1,274	875	915	1,635	1,300	1,532	1,113	1,173	1,050	835
WESTERN NORTH	17,468	815	1,154	1,089	1,555	844	1,150	901	2,814	2,107	1,091	1,061	2,887
SAVANNAH	21,198	1,270	1,811	1,680	1,480	1,343	1,491	1,645	1,684	2,838	2,041	2,095	1,820

Table 7: Distribution of registered births by place of occurrence, 2022

REGION	ALL PLACES			HOSPITAL			CLINIC			MATERNITY HOME			HOUSE			OTHERS		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
GHANA	677,140	343,913	333,227	338,830	172,143	166,687	226,936	115,482	111,484	31,547	15,837	15,710	79,514	40,341	39,173	313	140	173
WESTERN	44,759	22,217	22,542	18,344	8,875	9,469	18,562	9,414	9,148	1,374	661	713	6,371	3,214	3,157	108	53	55
CENTRAL	50,410	25,687	24,723	20,601	10,606	9,995	22,614	11,480	11,134	715	342	373	6,410	3,235	3,175	70	24	46
GT ACCRA	104,610	52,576	52,034	59,497	29,895	29,602	33,553	16,906	16,647	7,528	3,738	3,790	3,910	1,979	1,931	122	58	64
EASTERN	47,051	24,050	23,001	25,251	13,115	12,136	16,089	8,110	7,979	682	334	348	5,020	2,489	2,531	9	2	7
VOLTA	29,436	14,695	14,741	13,484	6,792	6,692	10,399	5,116	5,283	430	219	211	5,123	2,568	2,555	0	0	0
ASHANTI	137,887	69,403	68,484	99,180	49,878	49,302	15,721	7,968	7,753	16,973	8,601	8,372	6,013	2,956	3,057	0	0	0
BONO	23,187	12,049	11,138	11,005	5,833	5,172	7,754	3,995	3,759	739	375	364	3,689	1,846	1,843	0	0	0
NORTHERN	68,329	34,946	33,383	29,749	15,476	14,273	19,122	9,693	9,429	446	229	217	19,012	9,548	9,464	0	0	0
UPPER EAST	29,648	15,269	14,379	9,657	4,975	4,682	19,480	10,054	9,426	77	35	42	434	205	229	0	0	0
UPPER WEST	24,117	12,422	11,695	10,891	5,548	5,343	11,980	6,241	5,739	99	52	47	1,146	581	565	1	0	1
NORTH EAST	17,647	9,171	8,476	5,510	2,821	2,689	7,247	3,805	3,442	3	2	1	4,887	2,543	2,344	0	0	0
OTI	18,649	9,829	8,820	3,611	1,926	1,685	9,302	4,864	4,438	388	199	189	5,347	2,839	2,508	1	1	0
BONO EAST	28,824	14,786	14,038	14,768	7,561	7,207	11,108	5,733	5,375	487	252	235	2,461	1,240	1,221	0	0	0
AHAFO	13,920	6,967	6,953	6,140	3,126	3,014	6,614	3,262	3,352	487	229	258	677	348	329	2	2	0
WESTERN	17,468	8,898	8,570	6,575	3,374	3,201	7,110	3,645	3,465	972	499	473	2,811	1,380	1,431	0	0	0
NORTH																		
SAVANNAH	21,198	10,948	10,250	4,567	2,342	2,225	10,281	5,166	5,115	147	70	77	6,203	3,370	2,833	0	0	0

Table 8: Registered births by attendant at birth, 2022

REGION	Total Births Registered	Doctor	Mid-Wife	Nurse	TBA
GHANA	677,140	129,446	479,802	11,630	56,262
WESTERN	17,468	4,852	35,375	317	4,215
CENTRAL	50,410	8,393	37,731	443	3,843
GT ACCRA	104,610	38,687	61,629	2,035	2,259
EASTERN	47,051	10,681	33,701	257	2,412
VOLTA	29,436	3,952	22,084	221	3,179
ASHANTI	137,887	32,646	95,761	4,800	4,680
BONO	28,824	2,741	20,020	99	327
NORTHERN	68,329	5,333	45,597	556	16,843
UPPER EAST	29,648	6,593	22,546	177	332
UPPER WEST	24,117	2,966	20,194	315	642
NORTH EAST	17,647	1,160	11,905	11	4,571
OTI	18,649	1,024	12,924	1,268	3,433
BONO EAST	23,187	4,412	22,259	244	1,909
AHAFO	13,920	1,594	11,220	476	630
WESTERN NORTH	44,759	2,310	13,308	252	1,598
SAVANNAH	21,198	2,102	13,547	159	5,390

Table 9: Registered births by timeliness of registration, 2022

Region	Total Registered Births	Registration within the first 90 days of delivery	Registration after 90 days of delivery
Ghana	677,140	257,295	419,845
WESTERN	44,759	16,667	28,092
CENTRAL	50,410	15,833	34,577
GT ACCRA	104,610	38,681	65,929
EASTERN	47,051	11,717	35,334
VOLTA	29,436	11,507	17,929
ASHANTI	137,887	41,791	96,096
BONO	23,187	8,952	14,235
NORTHERN	68,329	41,992	26,337
UPPER EAST	29,648	10,042	19,606
UPPER WEST	24,117	11,339	12,778
NORTH EAST	17,647	9,681	7,966
OTI	18,649	7,522	11,127
BONO EAST	28,824	10,277	18,547
AHAFO	13,920	5,498	8,422
WESTERN NORTH	17,468	7,217	10,251
SAVANNAH	21,198	8,579	12,619

Table 10: Registered births by day of delivery, 2022

Region	Total	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
GHANA	677,140	87,293	94,305	101,209	101,871	103,976	98,131	90,355
WESTERN	44,759	5,869	6,545	6,578	6,980	6,583	6,236	5,968
CENTRAL	50,410	6,400	6,914	7,767	7,344	7,745	7,514	6,726
GT ACCRA	104,610	12,814	14,606	15,774	15,810	16,154	15,601	13,851
EASTERN	47,051	5,871	6,674	7,121	7,225	7,214	6,865	6,081
VOLTA	29,436	3,812	4,197	4,335	4,480	4,461	4,283	3,868
ASHANTI	137,887	17,429	19,019	20,724	21,242	21,857	19,633	17,983
BONO	23,187	2,913	3,081	3,601	3,555	3,595	3,398	3,044
NORTHERN	68,329	9,220	9,434	10,134	10,017	10,198	10,030	9,296
UPPER EAST	29,648	3,914	4,109	4,302	4,322	4,558	4,238	4,205
UPPER WEST	24,117	3,289	3,324	3,678	3,521	3,655	3,438	3,212
NORTH EAST	17,647	2,437	2,475	2,578	2,556	2,669	2,491	2,441
OTI	18,649	2,541	2,584	2,679	2,694	2,767	2,745	2,639
BONO EAST	28,824	3,773	4,217	4,143	4,413	4,339	4,058	3,881
AHAFO	13,920	1,862	1,832	2,160	2,031	2,171	2,054	1,810
WESTERN NORTH	17,468	2,250	2,416	2,662	2,594	2,825	2,435	2,286
SAVANNAH	21,198	2,899	2,878	2,973	3,087	3,185	3,112	3,064

Table 11: Registered births by age of mother, 2022

REGIONS	TOTAL REGISTERED BIRTHS	UNDER 15	15--19	20—24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49
GHANA	677,140	869	46,564	148,750	180,544	157,936	106,046	30,288	6,143
WESTERN	44,759	59	3,678	10,067	12,751	9,982	5,825	1,966	431
CENTRAL	50,410	125	5,237	10,883	13,700	11,397	6,729	2,092	247
GT ACCRA	104,610	110	4,952	17,117	27,661	28,641	18,376	6,571	1,182
EASTERN	47,051	77	3,614	9,427	13,169	11,528	6,800	2,111	325
VOLTA	29,436	42	2,900	6,129	7,690	7,430	3,777	1,252	216
ASHANTI	137,885	0	2,468	30,786	33,423	32,566	32,479	4,565	1,598
BONO	23,187	46	1,556	4,299	6,449	6,582	2,986	1,115	154
NORTHERN	68,329	160	5,738	15,721	19,323	14,779	8,524	3,319	765
UPPER EAST	29,649	1	3,078	8,990	7,649	5,623	3,309	913	86
UPPER WEST	24,117	5	1,806	6,920	6,861	4,676	2,897	798	154
NORTH EAST	17,647	1	2,158	4,709	4,887	3,440	1,855	507	90
OTI	18,649	125	2,113	4,748	4,823	3,480	2,188	977	195
BONO EAST	28,824	3	2,123	7,044	8,327	6,446	3,463	1,262	156
AHAFO	13,921	43	1,344	3,228	3,491	3,269	1,948	528	70
WESTERN NORTH	17,468	71	1,937	3,903	4,428	3,672	2,227	938	292
SAVANNAH	21,198	1	1,862	4,779	5,912	4,425	2,663	1,374	182

Table 12: Registered births by educational level of mother, 2022

REGION	TOTAL	NONE	PRIMARY SCHOOL	JHS/JSS/MIDDLE SCHOOL	SHS/SSS/TECH/VOC	TERTIARY
GHANA	677,140	294	96,997	159,237	355,100	65,512
WESTERN	44,759	120	9,037	13,061	19,342	3,199
CENTRAL	50,410		8,557	19,800	17,876	4,177
GT ACCRA	104,610		7,997	16,814	58,817	20,982
EASTERN	47,051		5,661	15,833	21,329	4,228
VOLTA	29,436		5,862	11,101	10,274	2,199
ASHANTI	137,887		14,942	35,465	73,564	13,916
BONO	23,187	44	3,860	7,470	8,988	2,825
NORTHERN	68,329	24	4,800	5,088	54,110	4,307
UPPER EAST	29,648		5,614	6,727	15,281	2,026
UPPER WEST	24,117		6,232	3,556	11,587	2,742
NORTH EAST	17,647		1,260	1,470	14,425	492
OTI	18,649	19	6,020	4,208	7,936	466
BONO EAST	28,824	26	6,049	6,807	14,023	1,919
AHAFO	13,920		2,249	4,307	6,578	786
WESTERN NORTH	17,468	61	4,836	4,641	7,157	773
SAVANNAH	21,198		4,021	2,889	13,813	475

Table 13: Distribution of registered births by fathers occupation, 2022

TOTAL FOR TOP 20	TOTAL COUNT	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL BIRTHS REGISTERED
FATHER'S OCCUPATION	556,901	82.2
FARMER	190,787	28.2
TRADER	69,424	10.3
DRIVER	68,645	10.1
TEACHER	38,501	5.7
BUSINESSMAN	36,667	5.4
MASON	33,019	4.9
CARPENTER	16,952	2.5
AUTO MECHANIC	15,295	2.3
MINER	12,800	1.9
PUBLIC SERVANT/CIVIL SERVANT	11,708	1.7
STUDENT	10,916	1.6
ELECTRICIAN	9,839	1.5
WELDER	6,424	1.0
DOCTOR	6,414	1.0
TAILOR	5,883	0.9
FISHERMAN	5,522	0.8
PASTOR/ REVEREND MINISTER	5,422	0.8
BANKER	4,506	0.7
ACCOUNTANT	4,312	0.6
POLICE OFFICER	3,865	0.6

THE TABLE DOES NOT INCLUDE DATA ON DOUBTFUL PATERNITY

Table 14: Registered births by father's nationality, 2022

TOP 10 NON-GHANAIAN FATHERS			PERCENTAGE OF TOP 10 NONGHANAIAN FATHERS		
COUNTRY	COUNT	COUNTRY	PERCENTAGE	COUNTRY	PERCENTAGE
GHANA	668,562	AFRICA	4,738	OUTSIDE AFRICA	1,741
		NIGERIA	2,214	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	765
		TOGO	843	UNITED KINGDOM	164
		NIGER	723	GERMANY	116
		BURKINA FASO	337	NETHERLANDS	103
		CÔTE D'IVOIRE	171	CANADA	80
		BENIN	110	INDIA	57
		LIBERIA	66	BRITAIN	51
		MALI	62	CHINA	45
		SIERRA LEONE	38	BELGIUM	41
		GABON	35	LEBANON	36
				NIGERIA	46.7
				UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	43.9
				TOGO	17.8
				UNITED KINGDOM	9.4
				NIGER	15.3
				GERMANY	6.7
				BURKINA FASO	7.1
				NETHERLANDS	5.9
				CÔTE D'IVOIRE	3.6
				CANADA	4.6
				BENIN	2.3
				INDIA	3.3
				LIBERIA	1.4
				BRITAIN	2.9
				MALI	1.3
				CHINA	2.6
				SIERRA LEONE	0.8
				BELGIUM	2.4
				GABON	0.7
				LEBANON	2.1
				AFRICA	0.7
				OUTSIDE AFRICA	0.3

THE TABLE DOES NOT INCLUDE DATA ON DOUBTFUL PATERNITY

Table 15: Registered births by doubtful paternity and known paternity cases, 2022

	Total Births Registered	Known Paternity	Doubtful Paternity	Known Paternity %	Doubtful Paternity %
Ghana	677140	675041	2099	99.7	0.3
Western	44759	44539	220	99.5	0.5
Central	50,410	50082	328	99.3	0.7
Gt. Accra	104,610	104164	446	99.6	0.4
Eastern	47,051	46828	223	99.5	0.5
Volta	29,436	29304	132	99.6	0.4
Ashanti	137,887	137707	180	99.9	0.1
Bono	23,187	23146	41	99.8	0.2
Northern	68,329	68287	42	99.9	0.1
Upper East	29,648	29416	232	99.2	0.8
Upper West	24,117	24084	33	99.9	0.1
North East	17,647	17638	9	99.9	0.1
Oti	18,649	18599	50	99.7	0.3
Bono East	28,824	28786	38	99.9	0.1
Ahafo	13,920	13869	51	99.6	0.4
Western North	17,468	17413	55	99.7	0.3
Savannah	21,198	21179	19	99.9	0.1

BIRTH REGISTRATION FORM 4



CONFIDENTIAL

FORM 4

BIRTH REGISTRATION REPORT FORM

REGISTRY CODE				

SERIAL NUMBER IN REGISTER				

A. PARTICULARS OF CHILD

1- a.	FIRST NAME																																										
b.	MIDDLE NAME																																										
c.	LAST NAME																																										
2	SEX	<input type="checkbox"/> Male	<input type="checkbox"/> Female																																								
3	DATE OF BIRTH												NID No.																														
4	TYPE OF BIRTH																																									(For children 15 years and above)	
5	PLACE OF DELIVERY	<input type="checkbox"/> Hospital	<input type="checkbox"/> Clinic	<input type="checkbox"/> Mat Home	<input type="checkbox"/> House																																						
	OTHER (specify)																																										
6	ATTENDANT AT BIRTH	<input type="checkbox"/> Doctor	<input type="checkbox"/> Registered Midwife	<input type="checkbox"/> TBA																																							
	OTHER (specify)																																										
7	DETAILED ADDRESS OF PLACE OF DELIVERY																																										
a.	Name of Hospital/ Clinic Maternity Home																																										
b.	House Number																																										
c.	Street Name																																										
d.	Town																																										
e.	District																																										
f.	Region																																										

B. PARTICULARS OF MOTHER

8- a.	FIRST NAME																																										
b.	MIDDLE NAME																																										
c.	SURNAME (MAIDEN NAME)																																										
d.	AGE (In completed years)												NID No																														
9	NATIONAL OF																																										

10 PLACE AND ADDRESS OF USUAL RESIDENCE

a.	House No.																																									
b.	Street Name																																									
c.	Town/Village																																									
d.	District																																									
e.	Region																																									

11	NUMBER OF CHILDREN EVER BORN ALIVE (including this <u>birth</u>)		Born alive and now living		
12	LIVE BIRTH ORDER		BORN ALIVE AND NOW DEAD		
13	LEVEL OF FORMAL EDUCATION ATTAINED	(A) <input type="checkbox"/> None <u>(B) <input type="checkbox"/></u> Primary (C) <input type="checkbox"/> Middle/JSS (D) <input type="checkbox"/> Secondary/SSS/Tech/Vocational (E) <input type="checkbox"/> Tertiary (Teacher Training Poly/University)			
14	OCCUPATION				

C. PARTICULARS OF FATHER

15a.	FIRST NAME				
b.	MIDDLE NAME				
c.	SURNAME				
16	NATIONAL OF				
17	AGE			NID No.	
18	LEVEL OF FORMAL EDUCATION ATTAINED	(A) <input type="checkbox"/> None <u>(B) <input type="checkbox"/></u> Primary (C) <input type="checkbox"/> Middle/JSS (D) <input type="checkbox"/> Secondary/SSS/Tech/Vocational (E) <input type="checkbox"/> Tertiary (Teacher Training Poly/University)			
19	OCCUPATION				
20	RELIGION				
21	IN GAINFUL EMPLOYMENT	(A) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <u>(B) <input type="checkbox"/></u> No			

D. PARTICULARS OF INFORMANT

22	<u>FULL NAME</u>				
23	RELATIONSHIP				
24	RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS				
25	NID No./ MOBILE No.				

E. REGISTRAR

26	<u>FULL NAME</u>				
27	RELATIONSHIP				

F. MARGIN

28																							

Monthly Summary Sheet table 1

TABLE 1 (a and b)

YEAR

Age of Mother	Live Birth registered within 12 months of occurrence			Live Birth registered after 12 months of occurrence		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total						
1-14						
15-19						
20-24						
25-29						
30-34						
35-39						
40-44						
45-49						

Monthly Summary Sheet Table 2

MONTH --

YEAR -

TABLE 2

REGISTERED BIRTH BY AGE,SEX AND PLACE OF DELIVERY										
Place of Birth	Sex	Total	Age of Mother (for birth registered within 12 months of occurrence)							
			1-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49
All Places	All Sex									
	Male									
	Female									
Hospital	All Sex									
	Male									
	Female									
Clinic	All Sex									
	Male									
	Female									
Maternity Home	All Sex									
	Male									
	Female									
House	All Sex									
	Male									
	Female									
Other	All Sex									
	Male									
	Female									

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2022

STATISTICAL REPORT BIRTH REGISTRATION

Births and Deaths Registration is the bedrock upon which the pillars of civil registration and vital statistics stand. It is the sentinel of life's most remarkable events, marking the inception and culmination of every individual's journey.

The 2022 Statistical Report on Birth Registration is a yearly compilation of all statistical activities of the Registry detailing the number of births registered in the year 2022. This maiden report adopts the United Nation's recommended guideline for publication of annual vital statistics. The format highlights key demographic indicators from birth events such as places of occurrence of events, attendant at birth, age of mother, educational level of mother, etc. Such information is heavily represented in the report for public consumption and as a source of basic demographic data for domestic, sub-regional, and global planning and to add to academic literature.

The report draws from 261 districts of the 16 administrative regions in Ghana each with a number of registries where events that occurred are registered. The Registry have outlined in this Report how each of the regions have performed in the 2022 registration year.

Finally, the Report is a testament to the Births and Deaths Registry's commitment to providing accurate and reliable information on births and deaths, to support informed decision-making, public policy formulation, and national development.



**MINISTRY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT
DECENTRALISATION AND
RURAL DEVELOPMENT**

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